

# Bees' <sup>Guaranteed</sup> Hardy Plants

B 7.  
1915/1916.



BEES  
Larkspurs  
or  
Hybrid  
Delphiniums

SET.A.  
6/6

LIST  
1955

1915  
1916

Bees LTD  
LIVERPOOL



### Bees' Chester Columbines.

**Bees' Chester Columbines**, *Aquilegia hybrida*. If Columbines could be said to have a fault, it was that they lacked vivid colour. However, that is now a thing of the past, so far as Bees' long-spurred hybrids are concerned. As the photograph shows, there is a strong blend of fine scarlet and gold flowers, as well as all the beautiful delicate tints for which Bees' strain has been long famous. The plants are perfectly hardy, and bloom with amazing freedom. **Mixed colours only, 4/- doz.; each 6d.**

# BUSINESS TERMS.

Please use enclosed order form, fill in name and address in full.

Send cash with order, by cheque or postal order, made payable to Bees Ltd., and crossed.

Write on order form the amount sent.

## PLEASE ADD A FEW EXTRA ITEMS, WHICH MAY BE SENT IN CASE ANY OF THE FIRST SELECTION IS SOLD OUT.

Orders can only be accepted "subject to being unsold." A few extra names should be given so that the order may be completed without causing delay. Bees Ltd. guarantee to supply the plants specially ordered—if in stock—failing which, the order will be completed from the Supplementary List.

If no Supplementary List is furnished, Bees Ltd. will send what they consider to be the best in stock in place of those sold out UNLESS SPECIALLY REQUESTED NOT TO DO SO.

Receipt of Orders will be acknowledged by p.c. or letter, naming the amount of cash received, and quoting ORDER NUMBER, which should be written on all subsequent communications respecting the order,—supplementary orders for plants to be sent same time,—instructions re delivery, &c.

Collections of Plants are sent Carriage Paid, and general orders are packed free and placed free on rail, when cash is sent with order ONLY.

Packing.—When Cash is sent with order no charge will be made for packing.

When cash is NOT sent with order, baskets, crates, boxes, and mats will be charged for at cost price, but two-thirds will be allowed for empty packages, if received in good condition within fourteen days from date of invoice, carriage paid and advised by post.

## THREE PLANTS FOR THE PRICE OF TWO.

Throughout this Catalogue we make this exceptional offer. For this season we will supply 3 plants of the same variety for the price of 2. We make only this stipulation. They must be of the same sort or variety (i.e., same name), and they must be ordered at the same time, on the same order sheet. 6 or 12 will be supplied at the same rate, e.g.,

4d. each;	3 for 8d.;	6 for 1/4;	12 for 2/8;	24 for 5/4.
6d. each;	3 for 1/-;	6 for 2/-;	12 for 4/-;	24 for 8/-.
9d. each;	3 for 1/6;	6 for 3/-;	12 for 6/-;	24 for 12/-.

### THREE PLANTS of one kind MAKE A NICE GROUP.

Whether you are arranging plants on a border or rockery, it is much easier to get a nice effect with three than with one or two. The three plants should be set in the form of a triangle.

**Prices are net.** No discount whatever can be allowed.

**When goods are received by Rail,** note should be taken of the state of the Package, whether broken or not. If damaged, a note to this effect should be made in Railway Company's receipt book over the delivery note. If there has been delay, client should sign "Unexamined." A clear receipt should never be given for rail parcels unless customer is quite satisfied that the goods have not suffered in transit.

**Client's Order Form will be returned** when order is complete, if cash is sent with order.

EARLY ORDERS ARE SPECIALLY SOLICITED

so as to minimise the rush at planting season. Lifting and execution of orders is commenced about first week of October.

**Complaints.**—No effort is spared to prevent the necessity for complaints, but where thousands of orders are handled by hundreds of employees mistakes do occasionally arise, and Bees Ltd. will be very much obliged by having an opportunity given them to put matters right.

**All complaints should be accompanied by the original order,** or if this has not been returned, the order number quoted on the acknowledgment card should be quoted.

**Export Orders.**—Owing to the need for special packing, which costs more in time and material than ordinary packing, all orders, whether for Collections or not, will be chargeable with cost of packing, and remittances should be sent to cover such expense at the rate of 2/- in the £.

## Only Address for Letters and Post Orders, 175, Mill Street, Liverpool.

Clients living near shops may hand in their orders over the counter if they wish.



Head Office, 175-177-179-181, Mill St., Liverpool.

Telephone: 5020 Royal.

Telegrams: Bees, Toxteth, Liverpool.

### Branches:—

**Liverpool.** 98, Bold Street (Tel. 1196 Royal).

**Rock Ferry.** 166, Bedford Road (Tel. 155).

**Southport.** 517, Lord Street (Tel. 555).

## BEES' ENGLISH-LATIN INDEX of Hardy Plant Names (Copyright).

There is ample evidence of a desire on the part of amateur gardeners to be relieved of the necessity of using the—in many cases—jawbreaking Latin plant names. That is the "raison d'être" of this compilation. Where an English name is known to be already in use, it is given in each case, but where no such name is available an attempt has been made to supply one. Bees Ltd. will welcome suggestions and criticisms on this matter of English names for use in future issues.

ENGLISH.	LATIN.
Aaron's Rod .....	<i>Verbascum thapsiforme</i>
Alkanet .....	<i>Anchusa</i>

ENGLISH.	LATIN.
Alpine Erinus .....	<i>Erinus alpinus</i>
Alpine Moonwort .....	<i>Soldanella alpina</i>

## ENGLISH.

ENGLISH.	LATIN.
Alpine Sea Holly .....	<i>Eryngium alpinum</i>
Alpine Wind Flower .....	<i>Anemone alpina</i>
Alum Root .....	<i>Heuchera</i>
Alysson .....	<i>Alyssum</i>
Apennine Wind Flower .....	<i>Anemone apennina</i>
Arend's Evening Primrose .....	<i>Oenothera Arendsi</i>
Asphodel, Himalayan .....	<i>Eremurus</i>
Avens .....	<i>Geum</i>
Azorean Thyme .....	<i>Thymus azoricus</i>
Balcaric Sandwort .....	<i>Arenaria balearica</i>
Barrenwort .....	<i>Epinedium</i>
Basil Soapwort .....	<i>Saponaria ocymoides</i>
Basin Bellflower .....	<i>Campanula carpatica turbinata</i>
Bath Rockfoil .....	<i>Saxifraga Bathoniensis</i>
Bellflower .....	<i>Campanula</i> , <i>Wahlenbergia</i>
Bergamot .....	<i>Monarda</i>
Bitter Starwort .....	<i>Aster Acris</i>
Bitter Stonecrop .....	<i>Sedum acre</i>
Blanket Flower .....	<i>Gaillardia</i>
Bleeding Heart .....	<i>Dicentra spectabilis</i>
Bloody Rockfoil .....	<i>Saxifraga sanguinea superba</i>
Blue Cupidone .....	<i>Catananche coerulea</i>
Blue-Eyed Mary .....	<i>Omphalodes verna</i>
Blue Lupin .....	<i>Lupinus polyphyllus</i>
Blue Mountain Cornflower .....	<i>Centaurea montana</i>
Blunt-Leaved Stonecrop .....	<i>Sedum obtusatum</i>
Breakstone .....	<i>Saxifraga</i>
Bride's Everlasting .....	<i>Leontopodium</i>
Broad-leaved Sea Lavender .....	<i>Statice latifolia</i>
Bronze Leaf .....	<i>Rodgersia</i>
Broom .....	<i>Cytisus</i> , <i>Genista</i>
Brotherwort .....	<i>Thymus serpyllum</i>
Bugwort .....	<i>Cimicifuga</i>
Burnet .....	<i>Poterium</i>
Burning Bush .....	<i>Dictamnus</i>
Burr .....	<i>Acena</i>
Burser's Rockfoil .....	<i>Saxifraga Burseriana</i>
Cæsar's Pink .....	<i>Dianthus Cæsarius Mantle</i>
Caledonia Mullein .....	<i>Verbascum Caledonia</i>
Californian Fuchsia .....	<i>Zauschneria californica</i>
Californian Tree Poppy .....	<i>Romneya Coulteri</i>
Campion .....	<i>Lychnis</i>
Canadian Phlox .....	<i>Phlox canadensis Laphami</i>
Candytuft .....	<i>Iberis</i>
Canterbury Bell .....	<i>Campanula medium</i>
Cappadocian Navelwort .....	<i>Omphalodes cappadocica</i>
Capitate Primrose .....	<i>Primula capitata</i>
Carpathian Bellflower .....	<i>Campanula carpatica</i>
Catchfly .....	<i>Silene</i>
Catchfly Campion .....	<i>Lychnis Viscaria</i>
Cat Mint .....	<i>Nepeta</i>
Caucasian Spikenard .....	<i>Inula glandulosa</i>
Caucasian Scabious .....	<i>Scabiosa caucasica</i>
Chalk Plant .....	<i>Gypsophila</i>
Cheddar Pink .....	<i>Dianthus caesius</i>
Chinese Balloon-flower .....	<i>Platycodon grandiflorum</i>
Chinese Globe Flower .....	<i>Trollius sinensis</i>
Chinese Lantern .....	<i>Physalis</i>
Christmas Rose .....	<i>Helleborus niger</i>
Cinquefoil .....	<i>Potentilla</i>
Citron Rock Alysson .....	<i>Alyssum saxatile citrinum</i>
Cleft Gentian .....	<i>Gentiana septemfida</i>
Close-leaved Yarrow .....	<i>Achillea compacta</i>
Cobweb House Leek .....	<i>Sempervivum arachnoideum</i>
Cockburn's Primrose .....	<i>Primula Cockburniana</i>
Columbine .....	<i>Aquilegia</i>
Col'mbine M'dow Rue .....	<i>Thalictrum aquilegifolium</i>
Coneflower .....	<i>Rudbeckia</i>
Copper Sneezerwort .....	<i>Helichrysum cupreum</i>
Coral Bells .....	<i>Heuchera sanguinea</i>
Corfu Lily .....	<i>Funkia subcordata gr.</i>
Cornflower .....	<i>Centaurea</i>
Cranes-bill .....	<i>Geranium</i>
Creeping Chalk Plant .....	<i>Gypsophila repens</i>
Creeping Forget-me-not .....	<i>Omphalodes verna</i>
Creeping Grosmwell .....	<i>Lithospermum prostratum</i>
Creeping Rock Jasmine .....	<i>Androsace sarmentosa</i>
Creeping Rose Box .....	<i>Cotoneaster adpressa</i>
Crested Iris .....	<i>Iris cristata</i>
Crimson Meadow Sweet .....	<i>Spiraea palmata</i>
Crowfoot .....	<i>Ranunculus</i>
Cupidone .....	<i>Catananche</i>
Cupid's Dart .....	<i>Catananche</i>
Daisy-lv'd Everlasting .....	<i>Helichrysum bellidifolium</i>
Dallimore's Broom .....	<i>Cytisus Dallimorei</i>
Dalmatian Iris .....	<i>Iris pallida</i>
David's Harp .....	<i>Polygonatum</i>
Day Lily .....	<i>Hemerocallis</i>
Delavay's Trumpet Flower .....	<i>Incarvillea Delavayi</i>
Double Dropwort .....	<i>Spiraea filipendula fl. pl.</i>
Double Goat's Rue .....	<i>Galega carnea fl. pl.</i>

## ENGLISH.

ENGLISH.	LATIN.
Double Meadow Sweet .....	<i>Spiraea Ulmaria fl. pl.</i>
Double Rock Alysson .....	<i>Alyssum saxatile fl. pl.</i>
Double Rock Pink .....	<i>Dianthus petraeus fl. pl.</i>
Double Sneezerwort .....	<i>Achillea Ptarmica fl. pl.</i>
Double Welsh Poppy .....	<i>Meconopsis cambrica pl. pl.</i>
Dble. White P'mrose .....	<i>Primula vulgaris alba plena</i>
Dovedale Moss .....	<i>Saxifraga hypnoides</i>
Downy Cat's Ear .....	<i>Antennaria dioica tomentosa</i>
Dragon's Head .....	<i>Dracocéphalum</i>
Dropmore Alkanet .....	<i>Anchusa Dropmore</i>
Dropwort Yarrow .....	<i>Achillea Filipendula</i>
Dusty Primrose .....	<i>Primula pulverulenta</i>
Dwarf A. Sneezerwort .....	<i>Helictium pumilum mag.</i>
Dwarf Globe Flower .....	<i>Trollius pumilus</i>
Dwarf Golden Rod .....	<i>Solidago Virgaurea nana</i>
Dwarf Jacob's Ladder .....	<i>Polemonium humile</i>
Dwarf Meadow Rue .....	<i>Thalictrum minus</i>
Edelweiss .....	<i>Leontopodium</i>
Egg-shaped Plantain Lily .....	<i>Funkia ovata</i>
Elisabeth's Rockfoil .....	<i>Saxifraga Elisabethor</i>
Evening Primrose .....	<i>Oenothera</i>
Everlasting Pea .....	<i>Lathyrus latifolius</i>
Ewer's Stonecrop .....	<i>Sedum Ewersii</i>
Fairy Bellflower .....	<i>Campanula pusilla</i>
False Dragon's Head .....	<i>Physocephala virginiana</i>
False Flag .....	<i>Iris spuria</i>
Fire Flower .....	<i>Pyrethrum</i>
Flame Flower .....	<i>Phlox</i>
Flax .....	<i>Linum</i>
Flea-bane .....	<i>Erigeron</i>
Fleur de Lis .....	<i>Iris</i>
Florentine Rock Rose .....	<i>Cistus florentinus</i>
Foam Flower .....	<i>Tiarella cordifolia</i>
Forget-me-not .....	<i>Myosotis</i>
Forrest's Day Lily .....	<i>Hemerocallis Forrestii</i>
Forrest's Primrose .....	<i>Primula Forrestii</i>
Fortune's Plantain Lily .....	<i>Funkia Fortunei</i>
Fortune's Rockfoil .....	<i>Saxifraga Fortunei</i>
Foxglove .....	<i>Digitalis</i>
Fragrant Iris .....	<i>Iris pallida odoratissima</i>
Fraxinella .....	<i>Dictamnus Fraxinella</i>
Garland Flower .....	<i>Daphne Cneorum</i>
Gauze Flower .....	<i>Gypschila paniculata</i>
Gentian Harbeck .....	<i>Wahlenbergia gentianoides</i>
Gentian Speedwell .....	<i>Veronica gentianoides</i>
Gentianella .....	<i>Gentiana acutissima</i>
G'nt Cheddar Pink .....	<i>Dianthus cæsarius grandiflorus</i>
Giant Cone Flower .....	<i>Rudbeckia maxima</i>
Giant Kale .....	<i>Crambe cordifolia</i>
Gland-leaved Wood Sorrel .....	<i>Oxalis adenophylla</i>
Glaucous Stonecrop .....	<i>Sedum glaucum</i>
Glittering Thyme .....	<i>Thymus miconiae</i>
Globe Flower .....	<i>Trollius</i>
Globe Thistle .....	<i>Echinops</i>
Goat's Beard .....	<i>Astilbe</i> , <i>Spiraea</i> , <i>Aruncus</i>
Goat's Rue .....	<i>Galega</i>
Golden Drop .....	<i>Onosma echioidea</i>
Golden Fleur de Lis .....	<i>Iris aurea</i>
Golden Marguerite .....	<i>Coreopsis grandiflora</i>
Golden Rod .....	<i>Solidago</i>
Great Hepatica .....	<i>Anemone angustosa</i>
Grecian Violet .....	<i>Viola gracilis</i>
Greek Anemone .....	<i>Anemone blanda</i>
Greek Yarrow .....	<i>Achillea umbellata</i>
Gromwell .....	<i>Lithospermum</i>
Hairy Tree Poppy .....	<i>Romneya trichocalyx</i>
Hairy Woodruff .....	<i>Asperula odora</i>
Harebell or Hairbell .....	<i>Campanula</i>
Heath .....	<i>Erica</i>
Heldreich's Avens .....	<i>Geum Heldreichii</i>
Hepatica or Liver-leaf .....	<i>Anemone Hepatica</i>
Heron's Bill .....	<i>Erodium</i>
Himalayan Cowslip .....	<i>Primula sikkimensis</i>
Himalayan Lungwort .....	<i>Mertensia elongata</i>
Himalayan Poppy .....	<i>Meconopsis</i>
Houseleek .....	<i>Sempervivum</i>
Hybrid Larkspur .....	<i>Delphinium hybridum</i>
Iceland Poppy .....	<i>Papaver nudicaule</i>
Italian Alkanet .....	<i>Anchusa Italicica</i>
Italian Starwort .....	<i>Aster Anellus</i>
Jacob's Ladder .....	<i>Polemonium</i>
Japanese Bugbane .....	<i>Cimicifuga japonica</i>
Japanese Burnet .....	<i>Poterium obtusatum</i>
Japanese Iris .....	<i>Iris Kampferi</i>
Japanese Primrose .....	<i>Primula japonica</i>
Japanese Wind Flower .....	<i>Anemone japonica</i>
Jerusalem Cross .....	<i>Lychnis chalcedonica</i>
Kew Broom .....	<i>Cytisus Kewensis</i>
Knot Grass .....	<i>Polygonum</i>
Lady Larpent's Leadwort .....	<i>Plumbago Larpentii</i>
Lamb's Wool .....	<i>Stachys lanata</i>

## ENGLISH.

Lantosca's Rockfoil	<i>Saxifraga l. lantoscana</i>
Larger Grey Rockfoil	<i>Saxifraga cossia major</i>
Larkspur	<i>Delphinium</i>
Lavender Cotton	<i>Santolina chamaecyparissius</i>
Leadwort	<i>Plumbago</i>
Leopard's Bane	<i>Doronicum caucasicum</i>
Leonard's Water Avens	<i>Geum rivale var.</i>
Lesser Periwinkle	<i>Vinca minor carnea fl. pl.</i>
Lily of Paradise	<i>Paradisea</i>
Lister's Mallow	<i>Sidalcea Listeri</i>
Little Bee Rockfoil	<i>Saxifraga apiculata</i>
Litton's Primrose	<i>Primula Littoniana</i>
London Pride	<i>Saxifraga umbrosa</i>
Long-necked Torch Lily	<i>Kniphofia longicollis</i>
Lungwort	<i>Mertensia</i>
Lupin	<i>Lupinus</i>
Lydian Stonecrop	<i>Sedum lydium</i>
Macedonian Rockfoil	<i>Saxifraga scardica</i>
Macowan's Torch Lily	<i>Kniphofia Macowanii</i>
M'hair Meadow Rue	<i>Thalictrum adiantifolium</i>
Mallow	<i>Sidalcea Malva</i>
Margined Primrose	<i>Primula marginata</i>
Marguerite	<i>Chrysanthemum, Coreopsis</i>
Marsh Daisy	<i>Chrysanthemum uliginosum</i>
Meadow Lungwort	<i>Pulmonaria arvensis</i>
Meadow Rue	<i>Thalictrum</i>
Meadow Sweet	<i>Spiraea</i>
Michaelmas Daisy	<i>Aster</i>
Milk-flowered Wormwood	<i>Artemisia lactiflora</i>
Milk-white Bellflower	<i>Campanula lactiflora</i>
Monkshood	<i>Aconitum</i>
Monkey Flower	<i>Mimulus</i>
Moss Pink	<i>Phlox subulata</i>
Mountain Globe Flower	<i>Trollius europaeus</i>
Mountain Sandwort	<i>Arenaria montana</i>
Mullein	<i>Verbascum</i>
Musk Rockfoil	<i>Saxifraga muscoides</i>
Mussin's Cat Mint	<i>Nepeta Mussini</i>
Naked Larkspur	<i>Delphinium nudicaule</i>
Narbonne Flax	<i>Linum narbonense</i>
Narrow-leaved Speedwell	<i>Veronica stenophylla</i>
Narrow-toothed Primrose	<i>Primula angustidens</i>
Navelwort	<i>Omphalodes</i>
Newman's Cone Flower	<i>Rudbeckia speciosa</i>
New Zealand Burr	<i>Acacia Novo-Zelandiae</i>
Nine-leaved Wood Sorrel	<i>Oxalis enneaphylla</i>
Olive Daphne	<i>Daphne fioniana</i>
Oliver's Sea Holly	<i>Eryngium oliverianum</i>
Ox-Eye	<i>Chrysanthemum</i>
Orange Day Lily	<i>Hemerocallis aurantiaca major</i>
Orange Aut'mn Sn'zew'rt	<i>Helium aurantiacum</i>
Oriental Poppy	<i>Papaver orientale</i>
Paeony or Paeon's Rose	<i>Paeonia</i>
Peach-leaved Bellflower	<i>Campanula persicifolia</i>
P'nyw't R'kfoi	<i>Saxifraga Cotyledon pyramidalis</i>
Perennial Candytuft	<i>Iberis sempervirens</i>
Perennial Flax	<i>Linum perenne</i>
Perennial Sunflower	<i>Helianthus</i>
Periwinkle	<i>Vinca</i>
Pigmy Iris	<i>Iris pumila</i>
Pink	<i>Dianthus</i>
Pink Hops	<i>Origanum hybridum</i>
Pink Rock Jasmine	<i>Androsace caerulea</i>
Plantain Lily	<i>Funkia</i>
Plume Poppy	<i>Bocconia cordata</i>
Poisson's Primrose	<i>Primula Poissoni</i>
Poor Man's Orchid	<i>Iris</i>
Poppy	<i>Papaver</i>
Potts' Stonecrop	<i>Sedum brevifolium</i>
Primrose	<i>Primula</i>
Primrose Lungwort	<i>Mertensia primuloides</i>
Prostrate Speedwell	<i>Veronica Teucrium dubia</i>
Purple Cone Flower	<i>Echinacea purpurea</i>
Purple Rock Cross	<i>Aubrieta</i>
Pyrenean House Leek	<i>Sempervivum pyrenaicum</i>
Queen of Saxifrages	<i>Saxifraga longifolia</i>
Queen of the Prairie	<i>Spiraea lobata</i>
Red Barrenwort	<i>Epimedium rubrum</i>
Redhot Poker	<i>Kniphofia</i>
Red Sea Sea-Lavender	<i>Statice incana</i>
Red St. John's Wort	<i>Hypericum latifolium</i>
Red Valerian	<i>Centranthus ruber</i>
Rock Daphne	<i>Daphne rupestris</i>
Rockfoil	<i>Saxifraga</i>
Rock Forget-me-not	<i>Myosotis rupestris</i>
Rock Rose	<i>Androsace</i>
Rock Rose	<i>Cistus</i>
Rock Stonecrop	<i>Sedum rupestre</i>
Rocky Mountain Columbine	<i>Aquilegia caerulea</i>
Rosebox	<i>Cotoneaster</i>
Rose of Sharon	<i>Hypericum calycinum</i>

## ENGLISH.

Rosette Mullein	<i>Ramondia pyrenaica</i>
Rosy Primrose	<i>Primula rosea grandiflora</i>
Sad House Leek	<i>Sempervivum triste</i>
Sage	<i>Salvia</i>
St. Bruno's Lily	<i>Paradisea</i>
St. John's Wort	<i>Hypericum</i>
Salomon's Rockfoil	<i>Saxifraga Salomonii</i>
Sandwort	<i>Arenaria</i>
Saucer Bellflower	<i>Campanula polycnemis</i>
Scabious	<i>Scabiosa</i>
Scarlet Avens	<i>Geum coccineum</i>
Scarlet Bergamot	<i>Monarda Cambridge Scarlet</i>
Sea Holly	<i>Eryngium</i>
Sea Lavender	<i>Statice</i>
Schaffa's Catchfly	<i>Silene Schaffa</i>
Shining Cinquefoil	<i>Potentilla nitida</i>
Shining Coneflower	<i>Rudbeckia nitida</i>
Short's Golden Rod	<i>Solidago Shortii</i>
Shooting Star	<i>Dodecatheon</i>
Showy Fleabane	<i>Erigeron speciosus</i>
Showy Stonecrop	<i>Sedum spectabile</i>
Siberian Avens	<i>Geum sibiricum</i>
Siberian Flag	<i>Iris siberica</i>
Siebold's Primrose	<i>Primula Sieboldii</i>
Silvery Crane's Bill	<i>Geranium argenteum</i>
Silvery Alysson	<i>Alyssum argenteum</i>
Silvery Burre	<i>Acacia argentea</i>
Silvery Lupin	<i>Lupinus argenteus</i>
Sneezewort	<i>Achillea, Helenium</i>
Snow in Summer	<i>Cerastium</i>
Solomon's Seal	<i>Polygonatum multiflorum</i>
Spanish Rock Rose	<i>Cistus lusitanicus</i>
Spatula Stonecrop	<i>Sedum spathulifolium</i>
Speedwell	<i>Veronica</i>
Spikenard	<i>Inula</i>
Spiny Alysson	<i>Alyssum spinosum</i>
Spoon-leaved Rockfoil	<i>Saxifraga Cochlearia</i>
Spreading Globe Flower	<i>Trollius patulus</i>
Spring Gentian	<i>Gentiana verna</i>
Starwort	<i>Aster</i>
Starry Alpine Phlox	<i>Phlox Stellaria lilacina</i>
St. Bruno's Lily	<i>Paradisea Liliastrum</i>
Stoke's Starwort	<i>Stokesia cyanea</i>
Stonewort	<i>Sedum</i>
Stribny's Rockfoil	<i>Saxifraga Stribnyi</i>
Sunflower	<i>Helianthus</i>
Sun Rose	<i>Helianthemum</i>
Tall Leopard's Bane	<i>Doronicum excelsum</i>
Tassel Flower	<i>Liatris scariosa</i>
Tawny Day Lily	<i>Hemerocallis fulva</i>
Teasewort	<i>Cephalaria</i>
Texan Mallow	<i>Sidalcea malvaeflora</i>
Thick-leaved Stonecrop	<i>Sedum dasypylifolium</i>
Thrift	<i>Armeria</i>
Thyme	<i>Thymus</i>
Thyme-lved Blif' w'r	<i>Wahlenbergia serpyllifolia</i>
Tongue Rockfoil	<i>Saxifraga lingulata</i>
Toothed Primrose	<i>Primula denticulata</i>
Torch Lily	<i>Kniphofia aloides</i>
Tree Lupin	<i>Lupinus arboreus</i>
Tree Poppy	<i>Romneya</i>
Trinity Flower	<i>Trillium</i>
Trumpet Flower	<i>Incarvillea</i>
Tuck's Torch Lily	<i>Kniphofia Tuckii</i>
Tufted Evening Primrose	<i>Onthera cespitosa</i>
Upright Thyme	<i>Thymus erectus</i>
Valerian	<i>Centranthus</i>
Viper's Lungwort	<i>Mertensia echinoides</i>
Virginian Cowslip	<i>Mertensia pulmonariaeoides</i>
Wake Robin	<i>Trillium grandiflorum</i>
Wallace's Rockfoil	<i>Saxifraga Wallacei</i>
Wall Bellflower	<i>Campanula portenschlagiana</i>
Welsh Poppy	<i>Meconopsis Cambrica</i>
White Lupin	<i>Lupinus polyphyllus albus</i>
White Thrift	<i>Armeria maritima alba</i>
Wh'tleberry Knot Grass	<i>Polygonum vaccinifolium</i>
Wild Thyme	<i>Thymus Serpyllum</i>
Windflower	<i>Aenemone</i>
Winter Cherry	<i>Physalis Alkekengi</i>
Woofly Rock Jasmine	<i>Androsace lanuginosa</i>
Wood Ruff	<i>Asperula</i>
Wood Sage	<i>Salvia nemorosa</i>
Wood Sorrel	<i>Oxalis</i>
Worm Thyme	<i>Thymus lanuginosus</i>
Worm Grass	<i>Sedum album</i>
Wormwood	<i>Artemisia</i>
Woundwort	<i>Stachys</i>
Yarrow	<i>Achillea</i>
Yellow Bachelors' Buttons	<i>Ranunculus acris fl. pl.</i>
Yellow Flax	<i>Linum flavum</i>

## BEES' "MAY-JUNE BORDER." (Illustrated on page 21.) 50 Splendid Hardy Perennials, to bloom in early Summer.

50 plants, 1 each 50 sorts, for border about 20ft. long by 4ft. wide, 21/6 carriage paid.  
100 plants, 2 each 50 sorts, for border about 30ft. long by 5ft. wide, 40/0 carriage paid.  
150 plants, 3 each 50 sorts, for border about 40ft. long by 6ft. wide, 55/0 carriage paid.

Trial Collection, 25 plants in 25 sorts, Bees' Selection, 8/- carriage paid.

1. Dropmore Alkanet, 4d. 2. White Larkspur, 9d. 3. Eureka Larkspur, 6d. 4. Opal Alkanet, 4d.
5. Caledonian Mullen 6d. 6. Persimmon Larkspur, 6d. 7. Red Valerian 6d. 8. Ustane Larkspur 6d.
9. Double Belladonna Larkspur 6d. 10. Golden Columbine, 3d. 11. Mme. Chaumy Paeony, 1/9.
12. Duchesse de Nemours Paeony, 1/9. 13. Blushing Bee Lupin, 9d. 14. Perry's Poppy, 6d.
15. Tuck's Torch Lily, 6d. 16. Lamartine Larkspur, 6d. 17. Columbine, 6d. 18. Festival Paeony, 1/9.
19. Excelsa Leopard's Bane, 4d. 20. Nancy Poppy, 6d. 21. Jacob's Ladder, 4d. 22. Caucasian Flea Bane, 6d. 23. Delavay's Trumpet Flower, 6d. 24. Pink Pearl Fire Flower, 6. 25. Albian Iris, 6d.
26. Fire Fly Pyrethrum, 6d. 27. Khaki Iris, 6d. 28. White Peach Id. Bellflower, 4d. 29. Aphrodite Pyrethrum, 6d. 30. Showy Flea Bane, 4d. 31. Gloire de Nancy Pyrethrum, 6d. 32. Dwf. Siberian Iris, 6d. 33. Blue Starwort, 3d. 34. Trumpeter Bee Musk, 6d. 35. Double Crimson Catchfly, 6d.
36. Scarlet Thyme, 6d. 37. Royal Blue Speedwell, 4d. 38. Bees' Scarlet Alum Root, 6d. 39. Mrs. Sinkin's Pink, 4d. 40. Wall Bellflower, 4d. 41. Yellow Stonecrop, 4d. 42. Mussin's Catmint, 4d.
43. Bees' Ruby Thrift, 6d. 44. Iceland Poppy, 4d. 45. Major Bee Musk, 6d. 46. Glaucus Stonecrop, 4d. 47. Zabell's Alum Root, 6d. 48. Forrest's Iris, 6d. 49. Purple Horned Violet, 4d. 50. Cheddar Pink, 4d.

## BEES' "JULY-AUGUST BORDER." (Illustrated on page 22.) 50 First Class Hardy Perennials to bloom in Mid and Late Summer.

50 plants, 1 each 50 sorts for border about 20ft. long by 4ft. wide, 17/6 carriage paid.  
100 plants, 2 each 50 sorts for border about 30ft. long by 5ft. wide, 32/6 carriage paid.  
150 plants, 3 each 50 sorts for border about 40ft. long by 6ft. wide, 43/0 carriage paid.

51. False Dragon's-head, 4d. 52. Pink Hollyhock, 4d. 53. White Wormwood, 4d. 54. Giant Sunflower, 4d. 55. Red Hollyhock, 4d. 56. Teersteeg Marguerite, 4d. 57. Spark's Monkshood, 4d.
58. Parker's Milfoil, 4d. 59. Purple Hollyhock, 4d. 60. Plume Poppy, 4d. 61. Hartland's Goat's Rue, 4d. 62. Variegated Monkshood, 6d. 63. D' Villiers Flame Flower, 6d. 64. Cambridge Scarlet Bergamot, 4d. 65. False Tiger Lily, 9d. 66. Texan Mallow, 4d. 67. Henty's Flame Flower, 6d.
68. Dwarf Golden Helenium, 4d. 69. Dedam's Flameflower, 6d. 70. Double Gauzeflower, 9d. 71. Giant Coneflower, 4d. 72. Double Meadow Sweet, 4d. 73. Pantheon Flame Flower, 6d. 74. Single Gypsophila, 6d. 75. Iris Flama Flower, 6d. 76. King Edward Marguerite, 4d. 77. Blanket Flower, 4d. 78. Pink Goatsbeard, 4d. 79. Coquilecot Phlox, 6d. 80. Caucasian Scabious, 6d.
81. Bradshaw's Avens, 4d. 82. Balloon Flower, 6d. 83. Banat Globe Thistle, 6d. 84. Vomer Marguerite, 4d. 85. Copper Sneezewort, 4d. 86. Pearl Sneezewort, 4d. 87. Blue Cupidone, 4d.
88. Heldreich's Avens, 6d. 89. Hybrid Cinquefoil, 6d. 90. Carpathian Bellflower, 4d. 91. Lavender Cotton, 6d. 92. Capt. Bee Musk, 6d. 93. Affinity Knot Grass, 4d. 94. Mesa Starwort, 4d.
95. Purple Greek Violet, 6d. 96. Willmott's Cinquefoil, 4d. 97. Drummer Bee Musk, 6d. 98. White Star Bellflower. 99. Golden Marguerite, 4d. 100. Broad Sea Lavender, 6d.

## BEES' "X.L." BORDER COLLECTION (Illustrated on page 23). 50 Good Hardy Perennials to produce a display June to September.

50 plants, 1 each 50 sorts for border about 20ft. long by 4ft. wide, 15/6 carriage paid.  
100 plants, 2 each 50 sorts for border about 30ft. long by 5ft. wide, 30/0 carriage paid.  
150 plants, 3 each 50 sorts for border about 40ft. long by 6ft. wide, 40/0 carriage paid.  
Trial Collection, 25 plants in 25 sorts, Bees' Selection, 8/- carriage paid.

### List of Plants in "X.L." COLLECTION. Clients may choose between this and the following.

1. Basil-leaved Soapwort. 2. White Carpathian Bellflower. 3. Oval-leaved Plaistain Lily. 4. Mesa Starwort. 5. Red Sea Sea Lavender. 6. Crimson Fire Flower. 7. Affinity Knot Grass. 8. Young's Evening Primrose. 9. Blue Pigmy Iris. 10. Drummer Bee Musk. 11. White Barrenwort.
12. Showy Fleabane. 13. Pink Pearl Fireflower. 14. Red Valerian. 15. Pale Gentian-leaved Speedwell. 16. Carpathian Bellflower. 17. Blue Perennial Flax. 18. Rock Alysson. 19. Mussin's Cat Mint. 20. Heldreich's Avens. 21. Double Catchfly Campion. 22. Scarlet Avens. 23. Persimmon Larkspur. 24. Copper Sneezewort. 25. Jerusalem Cross. 26. Dwarf Jacob's Ladder. 27. Pearl Sneezewort. 28. Larger Siberian Flag. 29. Texan Mallow. 30. Hybrid Blanket Flower. 31. White Lupin. 32. Columbine Rue. 33. Coquilecot Flame Flower. 34. King Edward Marguerite. 35. Golden Marguerite. 36. Perry's Poppy. 37. Dwarf Autumn Sneezewort. 38. Autumn Flowering Monkshood. 39. Mrs. Morris's Michaelmas Daisy. 40. Hartland's Goat's Rue. 41. Dropmore Italian Alkanet. 42. Aaron's Rod. 43. Vomer Marguerite. 44. Lady Lloyd's Michaelmas Daisy. 45. Cestraria Larkspur. 46. White Wormwood. 47. Orange Autumn Sneezewort. 48. Feltham Michaelmas Daisy. 49. Short's Golden Rod. 50. False Dragon's Head.

### List of Plants in "X.L.A" COLLECTION, prices same as for "X.L." Collection. The arrangement on plan is the same. No. 1a takes the place of No. 1, and so on.

- 1a. Pink Thrift. 2a. Mrs. Sinkins' Pink. 3a. Long-spurred Columbine. 4a. Blue Starwort.
- 5a. Siberian Avens. 6a. General French Fire Flower. 7a. Showy Stonecrop. 8a. Iceland Poppy.
- 9a. Purple Horned Violet. 10a. Dwarf Golden Rod. 11a. Zabell's Alum Root. 12a. Blue Cupidone.
- 13a. Golden Columbine. 14a. Glory of Nancy Fire Flower. 15a. Narrow-leaved Speedwell. 16a. Dwarf Fleur de Lis. 17a. Himalayan Crane's Bill. 18a. Forrest's Iris. 19a. Lamb's Wool.
- 20a. "Capt. Bee" Musk. 21a. Vesuvius Cinquefoil. 22a. Mrs. Bradshaw's Avens. 23a. Double Larkspur. 24a. Ruby Sneezewort. 25a. Cambridge Scarlet Bergamot. 26a. Blue Peach-leaved Bellflower. 27a. Gauze Flower. 28a. Purple East Larkspur. 29a. St. Egwin's Michaelmas Daisy. 30a. Napier's Flag. 31a. White Peach Bellflower. 32a. Alpine Sea Holly. 33a. Henty's Flame Flower. 34a. White Flag. 35a. Hybrid Cinquefoil. 36a. Lady Roscoe's Poppy. 37a. Newman's Cone Flower. 38a. Blue Jacob's Ladder. 39a. Riverton Gem Sneezewort. 40a. Double Goat's Rue.
- 41a. Opal Alkanet. 42a. Parker's Yarrow. 43a. Tersteeg Marguerite. 44a. Mrs. Tinwary's Michaelmas Daisy. 45a. Blue Lupin. 46a. Double Meadow-Sweet. 47a. Riverton Beauty Sneezewort. 48a. September Queen Michaelmas Daisy. 49a. Giant Sunflower. 50a. Elegant Meadow-Sweet.

# Plants for Spring Bedding.

<b>Canterbury Bells</b> , in separate colours; white, rose, blue	...	...	...	...	...	...	1/6	doz.; 9/6	100.
<b>Myosotis alpestris</b> , lovely blue	...	...	...	...	...	...	1/-	doz.; 6/-	100.
<b>Iceland Poppies</b> , very fine for table decoration; mixed colours	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/6	doz.; 15/-	100.
<b>Polyanthus</b> , fine large flowered, mixed colours	...	...	...	...	...	...	2/6	doz.; 15/-	100.
<b>Sweet William</b> , "Pink Beauty, Seedlings," in several beautiful shades of salmon pink	...	...	...	...	...	...	1/3	doz.; 8/-	100.
<b>Wallflowers</b> , blood red or yellow	...	...	...	...	...	...	9d.	doz.; 4/6	100.

## Alphabetical List of Hardy Border and Rock Plants.

The plants offered in this Catalogue belong to the class known as "Hardy Perennials," or "Herbaceous Plants." That is to say, they are able to withstand the cold of our climate in the open ground, without protection, and "die down" in the winter, "coming up again" the following spring. This process continues indefinitely. All the attention required consists in keeping the ground clear of weeds, giving support to tall plants, and cutting away dead flowers, etc.

Because of their simple requirements and the generous return given in abundance of bloom from January to December, Hardy Perennials are ideal plants for the amateur gardener.

*Plants denoted by an asterisk \* are suitable for rockeries.*

**Height** is given in feet or fractions of a foot immediately after the name.

### TIME TO PLANT.

Those plants denoted by an asterisk \* can be planted **at any time of the year**. They are mostly grown in pots and will not suffer if transplanted in the summer time. Perhaps the best time to plant the majority of the plants offered in this Catalogue is September to November, or February to April.

\* **Acæna Novæ-Zealandie**, "NEW ZEALAND BURR,"  $\frac{1}{2}$ , sometimes called the "Khaki Plant." It forms a carpet-like covering on soil or stones, on border or rockery, composed of bronze-green leaves, and later bearing crimson tipped flowers. It is both quaint and pretty. Does well everywhere. ... 4d.

**Achillea filipendulina Parker's Variety**, "DROPWORT YARROW," 3-4, a glorious late summer and autumn flowering perennial. It is capable of unique effects. Each root throws up erect stems, bearing huge flattish heads of rich golden yellow flowers. As the stems all grow about the same height, the effect is particularly striking; not a particle of green foliage hides the deep but brilliant colour; bushes 4ft. high and through, with a top of solid gold, like a huge umbrella ... 3d.

PTARMICA, fl. pl., Perry's White or The Pearl; in our soil we can see no difference grown side by side. "DOUBLE SNEEZEWORT." This fine variety has easily forced its way into the front rank of market plants. It begins flowering in June, and if the growths are properly stopped it will continue throwing up a succession of its beautiful spikes till well into October. The special merit of the flower is its peculiarly pure and clear shade of white, and this is enhanced by the fact that the flowers are too double to permit any yellow to be seen. The effect, therefore, is white only. It will easily be understood what a valuable quality this is for all classes of decorative work. (See natural colour illustration on page 27) 4d.

\* " umbellata, " GREEK YARROW,"  $\frac{1}{2}$ , from Greece. Charming silvery leaves and white flowers; likes a hot, dry corner ... 4d.

**Aconitum autumnale**, 5, fine tall-growing, late-blooming variety, with richly coloured lavender flowers in August and September ... 4d.

\* " Spark's Monkshood," a splendid new variety; it has very large rich purple flowers on fine branching stems; a tip-top back-row plant for the border ... 4d.

\* " variegatum, " 4-6, tinted flowers edged lilac or purple, in large terminal panicles, a very distinct and effective plant ... 4d.



### Golden Rock Alysson-



### Creeping Rock Jasmine.

\**Ethionema pulchellum*, "PRETTY CANDYTUFT." Fine glaucous foliage and lovely rose flowers. An excellent rock plant 6d.

*Scilla sibirica*, ROSTK. (Siberian Squill) ... 6d.

"WARLEY HYBRID" (New).  
*\*Alyssum saxatile*, "GOLDEN ROCK". The dwarfest and brightest rosy pink coloured of all ... 9d.  
 ALYSSUM,  $\frac{1}{2}$ . There is a real golden tint in the flowers of this which is distinctly off against the soft, slightly hoary foliage.

If this plant never produced a single blossom it would still be worth growing. The evergreen foliage heaps itself in billowy mounds, which overflow down crevices of rocks, or carpet the ground effectively, relief to the stark bareness of most plants in winter.

As a spring bedding plant it has few equals. Ample masses of the warm golden blossoms form a rich mantle for many weeks from March to May. (See natural colour illustration on page 24)

**saxatile citrinum**, "CITRON ROCK ALYSSON," a fine variety, which produces masses of pale yellow flowers of an exceptionally attractive shade; is universally admired by all who see it ... **6d.**  
**saxatile fl. pl.**, "DOUBLE RÖCKE ALYSSON," with double flowers, giving a richer and deeper appearance to the bright yellow colour. (See natural colour illustration on page 26) ... **6d.**  
**ANCHUSA ITALICA "DROPMORE VAR."**, "ITALIAN ALKANET," one of the most magnificent plants of recent introduction; tall spikes absolutely loaded with relatively large flowers of the very purest Gentian blue. It will grow 3ft. to 6ft. high, according to the food supply available; but whatever the height, its beauty is undiminished. For June and July displays it is the last word in blue-flowered plants. (See natural colour illustration on page 24) ... **4d.**  
**"Opal,"** a counterpart of the above, save that the flowers are very beautifully shaded ... **4d.**

\* *Androsace carnea*, "PINK ROCK JASMINE," 4. A most charming little "Fairy Primrose," very showy and easily grown; forms dense mats of bright green foliage covered with yellow-eyed, bright rose-coloured flowers. Likes sunny, loamy soil. 4d.

*lanuginosa*, "WOOLLY ROCK JASMINE," produces long trailing branches clothed with silvery

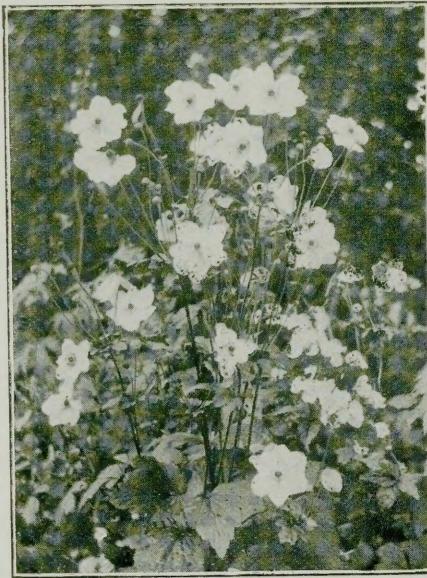
*langusina*, "WOOLLY ROCK JASMINE," 2, producing long trailing branches with white leaves and umbels of lovely pale rose-coloured flowers ..... 6d.  
*sarmentosa*, "CREEPING ROCK JASMINE," 4, a very beautiful plant from the Himalayas. It produces large umbels of from 10 to 20 bright rose, white-eyed flowers, on graceful stems from rosettes of pale green silky hairy leaves. Growing readily, and increasing itself by means of runners, which should be pegged down, it soon covers a good space, and produces an effect in its way quite unmatched ..... 6d.

**Anemone apennina**, GREK. HERBACEOUS 24 in. 6d.  
\* " " resembling *A. hepatica*, but much larger in flower and leaf. ....  
**apennina**, "APENNINE WIND FLOWER"  $\frac{1}{2}$ , practically a counterpart of our native "Wood Anemone," with lovely blue flowers. This is an ideal plant for naturalising, increasing rapidly by

means of its underground stems. In pots. 6d.  
**Hepatica**, "HEPATICA or LIVER-LEAF," ½. Native of the Northern Hemisphere, but strange to say not found wild in the British Isles. Blessed with a perfectly hardy constitution, and endowed with more than ordinary loveliness, this dwarf perennial is probably unique, from the fact that it has red, white, and blue varieties, with single and double-flowered forms of each colour. The "Hepatica" is adapted for practically all phases of outdoor gardening, and groups on the border vie with the patches in the rock garden and the colonies naturalised under trees to produce the greatest profusion of flowers in spring and early summer.



Hepatica or Liver-leaf (4in.)



Japanese Anemone (2ft.)

**ANEMONE HEPATICA—Continued.**

*	"	<i>cærulea</i> , splendid, rich, and deep, but brilliant cornflower blue. ....	6d.
*	"	<i>fl. pl.</i> , dainty double rosette-like flower. ....	6d.
*	"	<i>rubra</i> , bright reddish rose-pink, very attractive. ....	6d.
*	"	<i>fl. pl.</i> , double flowers, almost scarlet, very bright and lasting. ....	6d.
"	<i>japonica</i> , "JAPANESE WIND FLOWER," 2-4. Too well known to need description, this fine border plant likes a larger share of sunshine than most other species. ....	6d.	
"	<i>alba</i> , pure white with golden stamens. (See natural colour illustration on page 28) ....	6d.	
"	<i>Alice</i> . A great improvement on the variety "Queen Charlotte," with flowers of a deep carmine rose with lilac rose in the centre. It is quite distinct by its beautiful form, and no other variety surpasses it in abundance of flowers. ....	6d.	
"	<i>Autumn Queen</i> . This new, strong-growing variety produces enormous semi-double flowers of a fine dark rose colour. (See natural colour illustration on page 29) ....	6d.	
"	<i>Kriemhilde</i> . This novelty has bowl-shaped, semi-double flowers, 3-4in. in diameter, of a bright reddish colour; strong growing. ....	6d.	
"	<i>nemorosa Robinsoniana</i> . In its way there is nothing in the whole world of flowers to surpass this plant; the colour is the most lovely lilac imaginable, quite equal to the best of the alpine Phloxes, and it is set off by a mass of pure gold stamens in the centre of the flower. The blooms last for a considerable time, opening and closing each day with the greatest regularity. In pots ....	6d.	
"	<i>rupicola</i> , "ROCK WINDFLOWER." Award of Merit R.H.S., Chelsea, 1915. The entire race of "Windflowers" can produce no greater beauty than this exquisitely lovely flower; petals of finest shell-like form, with the substance and texture of silk velvet, of a glistening snowy whiteness, form a shallow cup in which nestle the central boss of citron yellow stamens. The chaste purity of the flowers is emphasised by a faint blue or pale violet tinge, which is spread over the outer segments in the young buds and on the outside of the petals of the more mature blooms. Scarcely more than 9 inches in height, the stems are clothed on the lower parts with apple green leaves, while larger leaves of the same charming colour, form a ground work for the entire plant. It is perfectly hardy, a first-class grower, and soon forms a nice colony in sandy loam in a well drained position on border or rockery. ....	each 5/-	
* 	<i>Antennaria dioica tomentosa</i> , "DOWNY CAT'S EAR," silvery leaves and charming heads of flowers; a quick grower and very dwarf; an excellent carpet plant. ....	4d.	
* 	<i>Aquilegia cærulea</i> , "ROCKY MOUNTAIN COLUMBINE," 1½, one of the loveliest species. The true plant is scarce, and has long-spurred wide-open flowers, nearly or more than 3in. across; colour pale lavender and white, delicately suffused with lilac. (See natural colour illustration on page 40) ....	6d.	
"	<i>chrysanthia</i> , "GOLDEN COLUMBINE," 2-3, with golden-yellow petals and primrose-yellow sepals. This splendid border plant produces masses of flowers from May till the end of July. (See natural colour illustration on page 25) ....	3d.	
"	<i>glandulosa</i> , 1, the true species is rare, but is an exceedingly beautiful plant of dwarf habit, with deep blue and pure white flowers. (See natural colour illustration on page 39) ....	6d.	
* 	<b>HYBRIDA.</b> The "Columbines" are easily crossed; indeed, it is difficult to prevent the exchange of pollen, consequently there are several fine strains of seedling forms, with a wide range of colour. For cutting and general purposes of decoration, these free-blooming hybrids may be highly recommended. Strong plants. (See natural colour illustration inside front page of cover) ....	4/- doz.; each 6d.	



Upper, Mountain Sandwort.

Lower, Brotherwort or Woolly Thyme.

**\*Arenaria balearica**, "BALEARIC SANDWORT," 1-12th, moss-like plant, forms deep green carpet, studded in summer with myriads of wee white flowers; a real gem. (See natural colour illustration on page 26) ... 4d.

\* " **montana**, "MOUNTAIN SANDWORT,"  $\frac{1}{2}$ , flowers white, and borne in the wildest profusion; quite indispensable ... 4d.

**ARMERIA BEES' RUBY**, "BEES' RUBY THRIFT" (Illustrated on back cover in natural colours from a photo). This is a Seedling of our own from A. Cephalotes. It will probably come into great favour as a cut flower. The flower heads, which are of large size, are produced on stems 12in. to 18in. in length. At a first glance they resemble a very fine Scabious, but the colour, which is a rich rosy carmine, has never been seen in that genus. One of the most striking features of this splendid plant is the enormous quantity of bloom it produces. We have had one-year-old plants with over 3 dozen splendid flower heads open at one time ... 6d.

\* " **maritima alba**, "WHITE THRIFT," very pretty and useful edging plant; will grow anywhere. 3d.

\* " **lauchiana**, "SEA PINK," flowers rich rosy pink, shaded carmine (See natural colour illustration on page 25) ... 3d.

**Artemisia laticlora**, "MILK-FLOWERED WORMWOOD." This new plant produces erect stems of 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ -4ft. high, bearing on the upper half much-branched panicles of fragrant white flower heads. Its foliage is dark green and very elegant (See natural colour illustration on page 27) ... 4d.

\* **Asperula ciliata**, "HAIRY WOODRUFF,"  $\frac{1}{2}$ , flowers white, numerous, compact habit, excellent rock plant ... 4d.

\* " **suberosa**,  $\frac{1}{2}$ , exquisite pink flowers; must have sun and grit ... 1/-.

**Aster acris**, "BITTER STARWORT," 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ , lilac, very free flowering ... 4d.

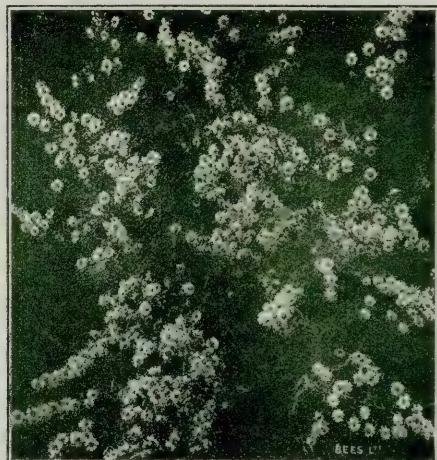
" **Amellus**, "Beaute Parfaite," "ITALIAN STARWORT." The very best variety of the amellus section, which has such fine general qualities. This new introduction exceeds all others in size of flower and beauty of colour, which is an unequalled fine dark violet with yellow centre ... 9d.

" **Beauty of Ronsdorff**, A.M., R.H.S., 1913, probably the best of all Asters, the individual flowers sometimes measure 3in. across; colour lovely lilac, 2ft. ... 1/6

" **" Perry's Favourite."** New variety with large pink flowers, the most beautiful colour in this section ... 6d.

" **ibericus Ultramarine**, a wonderful new Aster; one of the finest ever raised. It grows about 3ft. high, and the intense blue flowers are borne with the greatest freedom. We strongly recommend it for border decoration as well as for cutting ... 6d.

" **mesa grande speciosa grandiflora**. One of the finest Asters in cultivation; it is quite distinct, with large dark blue flowers in great abundance during June, July, and August. It grows about 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. high. Award of Merit, R.H.S. ... 4d.



Michaelmas Daisy, Perfection.



Double M'mas Daisy, Glory of Colwall.

## ASTER—Continued.

*,	<i>sub-ceruleus</i> , 1, one of the most effective of alpine plants. In the months of June and July it absolutely smothers itself with large showy flowers of deep rich purple; first-class in all respects	3d.
*,	<i>Thomsoni</i> , 1-1½, one of the handsomest of "Starworts," with large pale blue flowers, 2½in. across, freely produced from July to November. (See natural colour illustration on page 30) ...	6d.
*,	<i>yunnanensis atroviridis</i> , "YUNNAN STARWORT." This is a very showy plant, with large, bright pale blue flowers made up of broad florets. When well grown it makes a handsome plant, and will be useful for cutting; flowers 2-3in. in diameter ...	6d.

## Michaelmas Daisies.

<b>Delight</b> , 2½, one of the best; it looks like a bush of pure white heather	...	6d.
<b>Novelty</b> (Award of Merit, R.H.S.) A lovely new Aster, with numerous small flowers of a delightful pale lavender colour with a decided pink suffusion	...	4d.
<b>Perfection</b> A very pleasing variety, growing about 3½ft. high, bearing a profusion of white flowers; it has a fine branching habit and is a mass of flowers from top to bottom. (See natural colour illustration on page 29) ...	...	4d.
<b>Beauty of Colwall</b> . Distinct novelty with pretty double flowers of a very pleasing shade of lavender, very freely produced on stout stems about 4ft. high. It is of special interest as the first double variety raised, and is unquestionably a most valuable acquisition. F.C.C., R.H.S., London, Sept., 1907	4d.	4d.
<b>Climax</b> (NEW). In one of the finest exhibits of Michaelmas Daisies we have ever seen at the Royal Horticultural Society's Exhibition, this variety stood out markedly superior to everything of similar colour. It is a purer and brighter—almost "an electric"—pale blue, of striking appearance. The sprays are light and elegant in form, with an abundance of large flowers well disposed. 4-5ft.	3d.	3d.
<b>Delight</b> , large, pure white	...	3d.
<b>Fairfieldi</b> , very late pure white, 3½ft.	...	3d.
<b>Feltham Blue</b> , an exceptionally full-toned colour, of great value where a deeper "tone" is required among the "lilacs" in the Aster border. 4ft.	...	3d.
<b>G. M. Lewis</b> , dwarf compact habit, rich dark blue flowers	...	3d.
<b>Glory of Colwall</b> . This grows to a height of about 4ft., and flowers in early October. The growth is very robust and erect, and the well-flowered sprays bear very freely the large pale lavender flowers which are very double on opening, and remain so for a good many days. Awarded F.C.C. Edinburgh, 1912	3d.	3d.
<b>Grace</b> , almost pure white, one of the best, 4ft.	...	3d.
<b>Hilda Morris</b> , beautiful pale lavender, 3ft.	...	3d.
<b>Lady Lloyd</b> , 3½ feet high, flowers end of September. A single rose pink, a strong grower, and most profuse bloomer, lasting a great length of time	...	3d.
<b>Moonlight</b> . A splendid var., 4½ to 5ft. high, flowers 2in. across, ageratum blue, disc pale. A good, strong grower; probably one of the most effective varieties yet raised.	...	3d.
<b>Mrs. Hudson Morris</b> , branching spikes of deep rose red flowers, 4ft.	...	3d.
<b>Nancy Ballard</b> . A.M., R.H.S., 1912, F.C.C., 1912. This variety grows to a height of about 3 feet, and commences to flower about the end of September. The shoots are literally smothered with double flowers of rich purplish mauve or Bishop's violet purple. (Rep. de Col.) At some stages the predominating shade might be termed pale rosy mauve. The flowers are 1in. in diameter, and last over a considerable period.	...	3d.
<b>Peggy Ballard</b> . A miniature Beauty of Colwall, but it is quite different. It flowers a fortnight later, producing long sprays of upright, compact growth, with small leaves, and a profusion of flowers, with finely-cut rays, quite double on opening; a pleasing tint of rosy purple in the lavender	...	3d.
<b>St. Egwin</b> , a novelty of recent introduction, very densely branched. It grows about 3ft. high, and is of bushy habit. It produces fine pure pink, flat flowers, 1½in. across. A splendid acquisition. Award of Merit, R.H.S., London, September, 1909. (See natural colour illustration on page 29) ...	...	3d.
<b>Saturn</b> . A strong grower, 5½ft. high, flowers 1½in. across, a lovely pale shade of bright violet, disc large, deep golden yellow	...	3d.
<b>Turzua</b> , large pale bluish flowers, in fine branching spikes. 4ft.	...	3d.



White Star Bellflower. "Isabel" is similar, but purple.

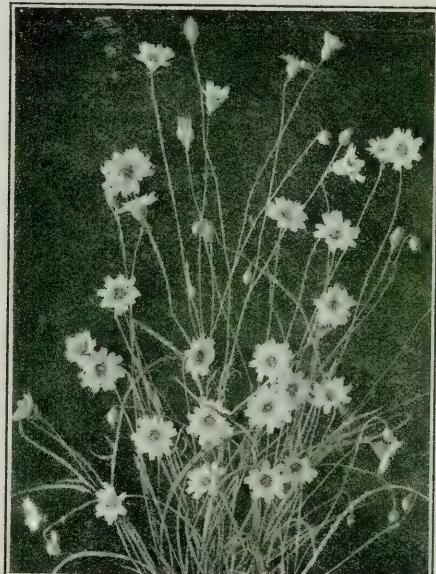
<i>Astilbe Davidii</i> , "GOAT'S BEARD," elegant tufted leaves, bronzed when young, ruddy flower stems, and sheaves of rich violet-crimson flowers very freely produced	6d.
<b>*AUBRIETIA, "Dr. MULES," "PURPLE ROCK CRESS," fine glowing purple, perhaps the most striking of the lot; a patch of it catches the eye a long way off.</b> (See natural colour illustration of Aubrietias on page 30)	6d.
" " "Fire King," glowing crimson, the reddest of the Aubrietias	6d.
" " "Lavender." An acquisition to these pretty, popular plants. The colour is a delightful shade of true lavender, comparable in effect to the best of the Alpine Phloxes	6d.
" " "Prichard's A.1., rich purplish blue, large flowers, free	6d.
" " "purpurea aurea, leaves margined gold	6d.
<b>Auricula, Bees' Yellow Bedder.</b> Colour soft and rich, flowers most profusely for many weeks. First-rate for spring bedding and for borders, perfectly hardy	1/-
Bees' Selected Hardy Border Varieties, raised from a fine strain of seed; flowers in all colours	3/6 doz.
<b>Azalea rosaeiflora</b> , a beautiful dwarf-growing rock shrub, quite hardy, very free-flowering with large double, salmon-rose flowers; a very choice plant for the rock garden.	2/-
<b>Bocconia cordata</b> , "PLUME POPPY," tall stems, towering 6-9ft. above the soil, clothed with handsome glaucous leaves, while overhead floats a cloud-like mass of flowers, which, in the distance, has the effect of amber-tinted smoke. When isolated in beds or naturalised, the effect of these "Chinese Poppyworts" is undeniably beautiful; leaves glaucous, flowers creamy white. (See natural colour illustration on page 28)	4d.
<b>Campanula Balfouriana</b> , one of the choicest and prettiest of the dwarf "Bellflowers." It grows about 3in. in height, and bears in profusion large, wide-open, rich purple flowers	1/-
" " <b>carpathica</b> , "CARPATHIAN BELLFLOWER," 1, flowers blue in crowded masses; an old favourite	4d.
" " <b>China Cup</b> , very pale, large cups, exquisite	6d.
" " <b>ISABEL</b> , a most remarkable "break" in this beautiful family; the rich purple flowers are quite flat and saucer-shaped; when the sun falls fully on them the effect is very striking	4d.
" " <b>WHITE STAR</b> , very large pure white star-shaped flowers; held erect, and rather flat, the blooms are produced so freely as to hide the foliage	4d.
" " <b>turbinata</b> , "BASIN BELLFLOWER," ½, dwarf, open rich blue flowers, one of the best of alpines. (See natural colour illustration on page 26)	4d.
" " <b>pallida</b> , one of the choicest of this section; flowers delicate pale blue. (See natural colour illustration on page 26)	4d.
" " <b>pelviformis</b> , "SAUCER BELLFLOWER," ½, pale blue open flowers, suitable for border or rockery	4d.
" " <b>garganica</b> , "GARGANO'S BELLFLOWER," ½, pretty star-like flowers, blue with white centre, in racemes, a perfectly splendid alpine. (See natural colour illustration on page 26)	4d.
" " <b>hirsuta</b> , flowers paler than in the type, hoary, very pretty trailer	6d.
" " <b>G. F. Wilson</b> , ½, a fine hybrid between <i>C. carpathica</i> and <i>C. pulla</i> , possesses the deep violet blue flowers of the latter and the free-flowering character of the former (See natural colour illustration on page 26)	4d.



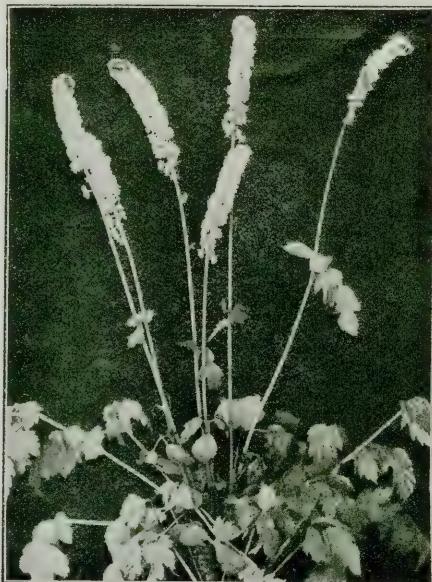
Wall Bell-flower, makes a first-class edging, 6in.

## CAMPANULA—Continued.

<i>lactiflora</i> , "MILK-WHITE BELLFLOWER,"	3, a most beautiful milky white or pale blue flowered border plant	6d.	
" <i>cerulea</i> , "SKY-BLUE BELLFLOWER,"	fine heads of light blue flowers	6d.	
" <i>medium</i> , "CANTERBURY BELLS,"	3-2, well-known garden favourites; can be supplied in three distinct colours, white, rose, and blue	1/6 doz.	
<b><i>PERSICIFOLIA</i>, "PEACH-LEAVED BELLFLOWER,"</b>	<b>2½-4, one of the most effective border plants, good for cutting; blue; some of the varieties give 2ft. to 3ft. of flowers</b>	<b>4d.</b>	
" <i>ALBA GRANDIFLORA</i> , splendid large white bells	(See natural colour illustration on page 28)	6d.	
" " " <i>COUPE D'AZURE</i> , extra large semi-double flowers of a beautiful lavender blue, borne on stiff, erect stem, very free	6d.		
" " " <i>HUMOSA</i> , very effective, quite distinct, flowers a beautiful shade of lavender blue; semi-double, so last longer	6d.		
" " <i>MOERHEIMII</i> , "MOERHEIM'S BELLFLOWER,"	fine semi-double white	4d.	
" <i>portenschlagiana</i> , "WALL BELLFLOWER,"	½, one of the best dwarf species, of tufted habit, with long racemes of blue-purple flowers	4d.	
" " <i>pulla</i> , "AUSTRIAN BELLFLOWER,"	¼, the gem of the genus, the flowers are one-quarter the size of the whole plant, of a deep rich violet, produced so freely as to hide the leaves	9d.	
" <i>PULLOIDES</i> , "DWARF PURPLE BELLFLOWER,"	perhaps the finest of all dwarf Campanulas. It has the habit of a true rock plant, close, dwarf, and tufted, but its special beauty lies in the very large pendent and bell-shaped flowers, which have for colouring perhaps the deepest and most glowing purple known amongst hardy plants.	(See natural colour illustration on page 26)	4d.
" " <i>pusilla</i> , "FAIRY BELLFLOWER,"	¼, dwarf gem for rockery or border, flowers small but very freely produced; blue	4d.	
" " <i>alba</i> , a lovely pure white form	6d.		
" " " <i>Miss Willmott</i> , fine blue, a great advance on the type	6d.		
" <i>Stevensii nana</i> , "STEVEN'S DWARF BELLFLOWER,"	Early in the year the pale blue flowers rest on the foliage; later they betake themselves to stalks, several inches in length. This, however, is our experience with plants supplied by Mr. R. Pritchard, who secured an Award of Merit for this plant from the R.I.H.S.	6d.	
<b><i>Catananche cerulea</i>, "BLUE CUPIDONE,"</b>	<b>2. Good border plants for cutting; flowers "Cornflower" blue, pretty.</b>	<b>3d.</b>	
<b><i>Celmisia spectabilis argentea</i>, "SILVERY N. ZEALAND DAISY,"</b>	<b>An Award of Merit was given to us for this plant at the Royal International Horticultural Exhibition, Chelsea, 1912. It has huge, white, daisy-like flowers and silvery foliage. In the opinion of many it was the most strikingly handsome plant at the show. Hardy on well-drained rockery.</b>	<b>10d.</b>	
<b><i>Centranthus ruber</i>, "RED VALERIAN,"</b>	<b>2, large heads of bright red flowers</b>	<b>Each, 5/- to 10d.</b>	
<b><i>Chrysanthemum maximum</i>, "OX-EYE DAISY,"</b>	<b>MARGUERITE.</b>	<b>3d.</b>	
" " <i>King Edward</i> , only 2ft., very large flowers, compact growth	4d.		
" " <i>Mrs. C. Lowthian Bell</i> . Splendid with extra large flowers 6in. across on stalks about 2ft. high; highly decorative garden plant, also very useful for cut-flower growers, as it flowers abundantly throughout the whole summer	6d.		
" " <i>Mrs. J. TERSTEEG</i> . This new variety is the tallest growing in commerce, producing flower stems 3-4ft. high. The flowers are of a fine graceful shape, and of an enormous size, even larger than those of <i>Mrs. C. L. Bell</i> . It produces an immense quantity of flowers, which makes it the very best for cutting purposes.	(See natural colour illustration on page 27)	4d.	



Blue Cupidone (page 11).



Japanese Bugwort.

## CHRYSANTHEMUM—Continued.

..	<i>Vomerensis</i> , one of the most graceful varieties; very free for cutting...	3d.
..	<i>uliginosum</i> , 4-6, a grand "GIANT OX-EYE DAISY," flowers white, in elegant "bunches" on long stems; very late blooming. (See natural colour illustration on page 29)	4d.
<b>Cimicifuga japonica</b> , "JAPANESE BUGWORT," 3. In late summer and autumn the Cimicifuga is one of the showiest plants in the border. Unique in appearance, the racemes are pure white in erect plume-like spikes. (See natural colour illustration on page 24)...	6d.	
..	<i>racemosa</i> , 3-4, a very distinct species; the white flower spikes, instead of standing erect, as illustrated, are branched and droop prettily after the manner of "Love-lies-bleeding," viii. ....	6d.
<b>Cistus</b> , "ROCK ROSE," exceptionally showy plants, doing best in dry sunny positions, where they will be loaded each June and July morning with a fresh supply of showy flowers; leaves fragrant with the delicious scent of pine wood.		
..	<i>alyssoides</i> , "GOLDEN TUFT ROCK ROSE," yellow...	6d.
..	<i>florentinus</i> , "FLORENTINE ROCK ROSE," white. (See natural colour illustration on page 26)	6d.
..	<i>formosus</i> , "HANDSOME ROCK ROSE," yellow with black blotches	6d.
..	<i>lusitanicus</i> , "SPANISH ROCK ROSE," white with deep maroon blotch	6d.
..	<i>Sunset</i> , rich pink, large flowers...	6d.
<b>COREOPSIS GRANDIFLORA</b> , "GOLDEN MARGUERITE," 1½-2, most handsome golden-yellow flowers with long stems; quite one of the best hardy plants for cutting	3d.	
* <b>Cotoneaster congesta</b> , the smallest of all; a real gem for rock work, evergreen, shrubby	6d.	
<b>Crcombe cordifolia</b> , "GIANT KALE," 5. Apparently quite an unknown plant, though of the first order of value, and doing work which no other plant does. The huge leaves are massed together about the lower portion of the plant, and form an effective screen. From them rise the flower spikes bearing deliciously-scented flowers, whose fragrance is carried some distance beyond the plant, and whose quantity and effect can only be compared to Gypsophila paniculata on a colossal scale. Absolutely hardy	6d.	
<b>Cytisus Dallimorei</b> , "DALLIMORE'S BROOM." One of the best Brooms for large rockeries or for specimens, rich ruby-red flowers	2/6	
* ..	<i>Kewensis</i> , "KEW BROOM," dwarf creeping habit, flowers are pale sulphur colour; very free flowering; a first-class rock shrub	1/-
* <b>Daphne Cneorum</b> , "GARLAND FLOWER," 1, lovely evergreen trailer flowers beautiful pink colour, produces masses of flowers in spring and again in autumn. Extra strong bushy specimens, 9-12in. across. (See natural colour illustration on page 35)	1/9 and 2/6	
<b>DAPHNE RUPESTRIS</b> . The "Rock Daphne" is the most desirable, the most lovable, and the most beautiful member of a most admirable family. It is the embodiment or essence of the fragrant beauty of the larger <i>D. Cneorum</i> on a compact scale. Beautiful pink flowers, with a ravishing fragrance, practically smother the deep, green, glossy leaves. It revels in gritty soil, with a handful of peat or leaf soil added. A limited stock of healthy, young plants, now ready for transplanting into permanent positions	5/-	
<b>Delphinium hybrida</b> , "HYBRID LARKSPURS." (Illustrated in colour on front cover and on centre pages). We think we may safely say that our collection of these noble plants is not surpassed in Europe. There are bigger collections, but they are only bigger because kinds are kept which ought to be thrown out. In our collection there is nothing which is not absolutely first-class. They may be seen every year at our Sealand Nursery. They have been selected and re-selected. We keep raising new seedlings ourselves, and we buy the best things that are raised elsewhere. Finally, this "survival of the fittest" has resulted in a collection which, for vigour of stock, stately bearing, and amazing wealth of flower colour, fills every visitor to our Nurseries with astonishment. We unreservedly commend these plants to all who want to know what Larkspurs are or ought to be (See natural colour illustration on page 35 and front cover)		



Tufted Pink (3in.)



Bleeding Heart (18in.)

## DELPHINIUM—Continued.

“	<b>Belladonna grandiflora</b> , a much improved form of the well-known Belladonna, with very large flowers. (See natural colour illustration on page 25)	6d.
“	<b>semiplena</b> . A noteworthy variety of the favourite Belladonna, with semi-double flowers; in flower the whole summer...	6d.
“	<b>Carrie</b> , handsome spikes and very large blooms which are a very deep blue shaded plum. (See natural colour illustration on front cover)	1/6
“	<b>Cestrion</b> , beautiful large spikes of pale blue, semi-double flowers	6d.
“	<b>Dr. Bergman</b> , clear brilliant blue, violet centres, a fine spike	6d.
“	<b>Eureka</b> , very large spikes and flowers of a lovely gentian blue...	6d.
“	<b>Eustane</b> , one of the best; lovely pale blue and lilac immense spike	6d.
“	<b>King of Delphiniums</b> , immense spike and flowers of a rich deep blue, inner petals plum, large white eye. (See natural colour illustration on front cover)	1/6
“	<b>Lamartine</b> , a grand variety for massing, very free, blooms continuously, dwarf branching habit, single dark blue flowers and white centres. (See natural colour illustrations on pages 25 & 35)	6d.
“	<b>Lilacina</b> , immense spikes of a beautiful rosy lilac colour. (See natural colour illustration on front cover)	6d.
“	<b>Lize van Veen</b> , probably the largest single variety in commerce, enormous spikes of flowers of a deep sky-blue colour. (See natural colour illustration on front cover)	1/6
“	<b>Marie</b> , immense spikes, pale blue shaded darker blue, the individual flowers are 2in. across. (See natural colour illustration on front cover)	1/6
“	<b>Moerheimii</b> , the whitest of all white Perennial Larkspur. It flowers more continuously than any other, produces more spikes of bloom than any other hybrid, and is excellent for cutting. The flowers are of the purest white, with a white eye, without the slightest shade of any colour. It possesses a vigorous and healthy constitution, and is not subject to mildew. (See natural colour illustration on page 35)	9d.
“	<b>Mrs. J. S. Brunton</b> , a fine variety of the Belladonna type; masses of fine deep sky-blue flowers all through the summer; 3ft. high	1/-
“	<b>Persimmon</b> , splendid new Delphinium, which produces strong, erect, branching spike, with large single flowers of a beautiful sky-blue. A great improvement on Belladonna. (See natural colour illustration on pages 25 and 35)	6d.
“	<b>Rev. E. Lascelles</b> . Most strikingly bold spikes of immense size. Large double flowers with distinct blue and white centre; grows 4-5ft. high; a most stately and impressive border plant. Award of Merit, R.H.S.	2/6
“	<b>Sir John Forrest</b> , very similar to King of Delphiniums, with flowers even larger. (See natural colour illustration on front cover)	1/-
“	<b>mixed hybrids</b> , strong clumps, including a very fine range of colours	3/- doz.; 5d.
“	(See natural colour illustrations of Delphiniums on front cover and page 35).	
“	<b>nudicaule</b> , “NAKED-STEMMED LARKSPUR,” 1-1½, flowers orange-scarlet and crimson. Very early, almost a spring flower, but continues throughout the summer. (See natural colour illustration on page 25)	9d.
“	<b>Dianthus Atkinsonii</b> , fine trusses of large single flowers which are a beautiful, dazzling dark crimson	9d.
“	“ <b>Cæsar's Mantle</b> .” A very showy hybrid pink; the red flowers are of good size with a zone of old clove colour at the base of the petals, a free bloomer, and a good grower	9d.
“	<b>cæsius grandiflora</b> , “GIANT CHEDDAR PINK,” pretty glaucous foliage and rich rose-pink flowers. (See natural colour illustration on page 26)	4d.
“	<b>fragrans fl. pl.</b> , a rare and charming rock pink, very fragrant, double white flowers. (See natural colour illustration on page 26)	6d.
“	<b>hybridus</b> , <b>Mrs. Sinks</b> , the well-known, deliciously-scented, double white Pink	4d.
“	“ <b>Gloriosa</b> ,” a beautiful, sweet-scented, compact variety, very large clear pink flowers, the calyx does not burst...	6d.
“	<b>Princess May</b> , probably the best of the Single Pinks, very large flowers, clear apricot pink	6d.
“	<b>NELECTUS</b> , “TUFTED PINK,” 1½. Without the least doubt this is one of the most charming rock plants in cultivation, and one of the easiest to grow. The flowers are a bright deep carmine-rose in colour, with prettily-serrated petals	9d.
“	<b>Dicentra spectabilis</b> , “BLEEDING HEART,” 1½-2, a favourite garden plant, and one of the most graceful and charming. The beautifully shaded rosy crimson flowers depend from gracefully arching stems. Good also for forcing	6d.



### **Globe Thistle, 2 ft. (p. 15).**



**Pink Heath, Erica, 6in. (p. 15).**

**Dictamnus Fraxinella**, "FRAXINELLA, BURNING BUSH," 2-3. Beautiful and interesting border plant which exudes a volatile inflammable oil in hot weather from the flower head and seed capsules. If a light be applied in the dusk of a summer evening the whole plant will be more or less enveloped in a bluish flame; large reddish-purple flowers on tall spikes (See natural colour illustration on page 25) ... 6d.  
**" alba**, a chaste and beautiful form of the above, with pure white flowers ... 6d.  
**Digitalis gloxioides**, a fine strain of "FOXGLOVES," with large flowers beautifully spotted, rivalling in beauty of colouring the exquisite Gloxinia ... 2 for 6d.; 2/6 doz.  
**Donorium plantagineum excelsum**, "TALL LEOPARD'S BANE," 3-4, golden yellow; flowers large and fine on long stems; in flower from March to October ... 4d.  
**Echinacea purpurea**, "PURPLE CONE FLOWER," 3-4. Allied to the Rudbeckia, and distinguished chiefly by the bright purple colour; valuable for autumn flowering in the border and for cut flowers. 6d.



**Erigeron "Edina,"** forms a neat, compact bush of dainty, daisy-like flowers 15 inches high.



**Sea Holly.** Eryngium, glistening steely blue, dries well for winter decoration.

<b>Echinops bannaticus</b> , "GLOBE THISTLE," 2.	Handsome plant with spherical thistle-like head of flowers. Excellent for cutting and border decoration; flower heads a unique shade of steel blue; a gloriously coloured plant...	6d.
<b>*Epimedium</b> , "BARRENWORT."	These pretty plants are alike useful in border or rockery. Both flowers and foliage are beautiful, the latter especially so in spring, when the young leaves are suffused with rosy tints, and again in autumn, taking on, as they do, so very beautiful appropriate colours, which, with the leaves, remain in good condition until the following spring. For all practical purposes the "Barrenworts" may be regarded as evergreen, since they are never leafless. The annual growth of flowers and foliage is produced from a creeping underground stem. The habit is dwarf and compact	
" <i>lilacinum</i> , "LILAC BARRENWORT," very dainty and pretty	...	6d.
" <i>nivium</i> , "RED BARRENWORT," 1, flowers bright crimson and pale yellow; a very excellent alpine plant of rapid increase, with foliage which takes most beautiful tints in early spring, and all sorts of fiery colours in autumn; it is practically an evergreen...	...	6d.
<b>Eremurus robustus</b> , "STURDY ASPHODEL," one of the best. Well-established plants will attain a height of 10ft. or 11ft., 5ft. or 6ft. of the stems being covered with delicate peach-like flowers. A group of three or six (or more) plants in flower is a glorious sight, never to be forgotten. (See natural colour illustration on page 40)...	...	3/6 & 5/-
" <i>Warei</i> , "WARE'S ASPHODEL," This is a grand late-blooming species from Turkestan. The colour of the flowers is indescribably beautiful, delicate fawn flushed with salmon-pink ...	5/-	7/6
<b>*Erica carnea</b> , $\frac{1}{2}$ , bright red flowers from January to June	...	6d.
" <i>alba</i> , flowers pure white, 6d.		
" <i>Mediterranea</i> , rose pink, 6d.		
" <i>hybrida</i> , flesh pink, bloom in mid-winter	...	6d.
<b>Erigeron "Edina," "FLEABANE."</b> A very pretty white flowered seedling with wiry 15in. stems, much branched and very floriferous	...	6d.
" <i>speciosus</i> , "SHOWY FLEA BANE," 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ -2 $\frac{1}{2}$ , this is one of the best plants for cut flowers, having handsome narrow-petaled violet flowers, with bright golden-yellow disc. In flower from about May to November. (See natural colour illustration on page 26)	...	4d.
<b>*Erinus alpinus</b> , "ALPINE ERINOS," $\frac{1}{2}$ , very charming evergreen rockery plant; will seed freely and establish itself almost anywhere; especially pretty and effective on old walls, etc. flowers reddish purple. (See natural colour illustration on page 24) ...	...	4d.
<b>Eryngium alpinum</b> , "AI PINE SEA HOLLY," 2-3. We should put this fine thing among the half-dozen best herbaceous plants; the large, shining, bright green leaves are in themselves very beautiful, but they are altogether surpassed by the rest of the plant; the stems and large flower heads are of the most indescribably splendid steel blue, and they are set off by bracts which look like steel on burnished silver; absolutely glorious	...	6d.
" <i>OLIVERIANUM</i> , "OLIVER'S SEA HOLLY," 3-5, in its way as good as <i>E. alpinum</i> ; the individual flower heads are not quite as large, but they are of an even richer and darker blue, and the stems take the same fine colour	...	6d.
<b>Funkia gigantea</b> . A gigantic form of <i>F. Fortunii</i> , with enormous leaves and flowers of a fine lilac colour. A grand plant for border or the water side	...	5d.
" <i>ovata</i> , "OVAL-LEAVED PLANTAIN LILY," 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ flowers purple, large, in handsome racemes leaves deep glaucous green; early flowering	...	4d.
" <i>marginalis</i> , "WHITE MARGINÉD PLANTAIN LILY," fine bold leaves, with broad white margin	...	6d.
" <i>subcordata grandiflora</i> , "CORFU LILY," a great improvement on the type, the flowers almost reach the size of <i>Lilium candidum</i> ; a grand plant for the border or waterside	...	9d.



Gaillardia, or Blanket Flower



Bell Gentian, or Gentianella.

<b>GAILLARDIA HYBRIDA</b> , "HYBRID BLANKET FLOWER,"	2, magnificent hybrids, with large flaunting flowers in gold, copper, yellow, crimson, etc. They are borne on stout stalks, and are excellent for cutting. They never cease blooming from the beginning to the end of the season. (See natural colour illustration on page 27)	2/- doz. 3d.
<b>Calega carnea fl. pl.</b> , "DOUBLE GOAT'S RUE."	This plant is quite distinct, being the first double raised of this genus; it grows 3ft. high; the flowers are a pretty shade of bluish rose and borne very freely; most useful for cut flowers	3d.
" <b>patula Hartlandi</b> , "HARTLAND'S GOAT'S RUE,"	3, this is a very ornamental border plant with flowers of lavender-blue and white, while in spring and early summer the foliage is variegated white and green	4d.
<b>Gentiana acaulis</b> , "GENTIANELLA,"	3, this is the great Bell Gentian of the Alps, and one of the most beautiful of all known flowers; rich blue, with a yellowish mark inside each petal, very large, bell 2in. long and 1½in. across. (See natural colour illustration on page 25)	6d.
" <b>septempida</b> , "CLEFT GENTIAN,"	2½, large clusters of bright azure blue flowers. An exceptionally showy and easy species. (See natural colour illustration on page 31)	1/-
" <b>verna</b> , "SPRING GENTIAN,"	½, an enchantingly beautiful spring flower, colour a splendid glowing, deep blue, white-fringed eye: its only requirements are good sandy loam, well-drained, but moist in summer, and full exposure to the sun. (See natural colour illustration on page 39)	9d.
<b>*Geranium cinereum album</b> .	It may truly be said of this gem that there is nothing more beautiful in the whole world of "Hardy Plants," it is not merely the shining, silky foliage which it has in common with the type, but the peculiar silky transparent texture of the large pure snow-white flowers, no one who has seen it will ever willingly be without it; it grows about 6 to 9in., and blooms nearly the whole summer	9d.
" <b>roseum</b> , a lovely form, with deep rose-coloured flowers and crimson veins	6d.	
" <b>grandiflorum</b> , "LARGE-FLOWERED CRANE'S BILL,"	½, this is a handsome species from the Himalayas, and is best described as a dwarf form of the "Meadow Crane's Bill," of refined habit and with larger bright purple flowers	4d.
<b>GEUM MRS. BRADSHAW</b> .	Twice the size of the old double Scarlet, with huge frilled petals, giving a full double appearance. (See natural colour illustration on page 26)	4d.
" <b>heldreichii</b> , "HELDREICH'S AVENS,"	2½, a very fine free-flowering supposed hybrid, having as one parent the beautiful <i>G. montanum</i> . Beginning very early in the spring, this first-rate border or rock plant continues to produce its large, striking, orange-red flowers throughout summer and autumn. (See natural colour illustration on page 24)	6d.
" <b>rivale</b> "LEONARD'S WATER AVENS,"	a distinct form, with flowers which are reminiscent of some of the delicate tints of <i>Pyrus japonica</i>	4d.
" <b>sibiricum (virginicum)</b> , "SIBERIAN AVENS,"	1, curiously little known, but possessing one of the finest of flower colours, a glowing copper scarlet; well worth growing	6d.
<b>GYPSOPHILA PANICULATA</b> , "GAUZE FLOWER,"	2-3, the well-known indispensable decorative plant; cloud-like masses of small white flowers; in flower from end of June to September	6d.
" <b>fl. pl.</b> , one of the most popular plants of recent introduction; in this case the doubling adds to the whiteness.	(See natural colour illustration on page 27)	9d.
<b>Helenium autumnale pumilum magnificum</b> , "DWARF A. SNEEZEWORT,"	2-3, large soft pale yellow flowers; this fine variety has rapidly marched into the very front rank of flowering plants; the large size of the flowers, the delightful shade of colour, the freedom with which they are borne, and their suitability for cutting make them as good for house decoration as for effect in the border (See natural colour illustration on page 26)	4d.
" <b>RUBRUM</b> , "RUBY AUTUMN SNEEZEWORT,"	first-class border plant, growing 3ft. high, large, rich, crimson maroon flowers; one of the most brilliant colours in the <i>Helenium</i> (See natural colour illustration on page 27)	4d.

BEES LTD. will supply any item in this Catalogue at the following reduced rates for 3, 6, 12 or more plants, of ONE sort, if ordered together, e.g.

**THREE PLANTS, OF THE SAME NAME, FOR THE PRICE OF TWO.**

Those priced 3d. each will be 3 for 6d.	6 for 1/-	12 for 2/-
" 6d. each will be 3 for 1/-	8 for 2/-	12 for 4/-
Those quoted at higher or intermediate prices pro rata.		

Sun Roses, *Helianthemum*, on the rockery.

## HELENIUM AUTUMNALE—Continued.

“ *striatum (cupreum)*, “COPPER SNEEZEWORT,” with crimson and gold flowers, a most unusual and most beautiful combination of colours; the flowers are produced in large heads, 2ft. or 3ft. in diameter, on stems 3ft. in height; this is one of the finest and most striking of border plants. (See natural colour illustration on page 29). . . . . . 4d.

“ **Riverton Beauty.** This distinct novelty has flowers of a rich lemon-yellow with a large cone of purplish black; these two colours give a most pleasing effect. The flowers are produced with the greatest freedom from August to October . . . . . 3d.

“ **Riverton Gem.** This beautiful autumn bloomer is a plant we can highly recommend. It grows about 4ft. high, and from August to October it is one mass of large flowers, which are, on opening, a lovely rich crimson, changing as they mature to old gold, terra cotta, etc. Planted in clumps it would make the border look as if it were on fire. (See natural colour illustration on page 24) . . . . . 3d.

**Helianthemum, “SUN ROSE.”** While many hardy shrubs are easy to grow, probably none grow so readily as these. In habit they are dwarf and trailing, and do well on dry sunny banks where little else will grow. Although the individual flowers are not of long duration, this is amply compensated for by the immense profusion with which they are borne. (See natural colour illustration on page 25)

\* **Golden Queen**, rich golden yellow. *Parvifolium album*, pure white silvery foliage.

\* “ **Innocence**, large orange and salmon. *Rose Queen*, large clear rose-pink flowers.

\* “ **Miss Mould**, deep rose-pink flowers. *Sanguineum plenum*, double, blood-red.

Price 6d. each; 4/- doz. Collection, 6 Sun Roses, one plant each, 6 sorts, 2/6.

**Helichrysum bellidifolium**, “DAISY-LEAVED EVERLASTING,” forms small mounds of silvery foliage, crowned in May with numerous white blooms. Award of Merit, R.H.S. . . . . . 4d.

**Helianthus “Miss Mellish.”** “PERENNIAL SUNFLOWER,” 5-6, large bright orange-yellow flowers, each with a double row of florets, one of the best of the “Perennial Sunflowers,” first-class for cutting. (See natural colour illustration on page 28) . . . . . 3d.

“ *multiflorus* fl. pl., 4, the good old double yellow perennial Sunflower. (See natural colour illustration on page 29) . . . . . 6d.

“ *maximus*, 5-6, very large single golden-yellow flowers with brown centres . . . . . 4d.

**Helleborus niger**, “CHRISTMAS ROSE,” the old type with beautiful pure white flowers, first opening in December, and continuing in flower for 2 or 3 months. To have them clean and with longer and straighter stems, it is necessary to protect the blooms in some manner with canvas, frames, or hand lights. One of the greatest advantages connected with these plants is that they will grow luxuriantly in shade where it is so difficult to persuade many other perennials to exist . . . . . 9d.

**Hemerocallis aurantiaca major**, “ORANGE DAY LILY,” flowers deep orange, one of the most vigorous and showy; flowers throughout August, September, and October . . . . . 9d.

“ *flava*, 2-3, the common “DAY LILY,” but unsurpassed in freedom of flowering; flowers bright clear yellow, very sweetly scented; much prized for cutting . . . . . 6d.

“ **Forrestii**, “FORREST’S DAY LILY.” This new species is most richly coloured like a ripe golden apricot, and is an altogether excellent plant, with a delicious fragrance. It does not grow so vigorously as H. flava, while the flowers are a somewhat deeper shade of yellow. It has proved perfectly hardy with us in North Wales. . . . . 6d.

“ *fulva*, “TAWNY DAY LILY,” 2-4, coppery orange flowers, shaded with crimson . . . . . 6d.



Snowflake Perennial Candytuft, on the rockery

**Heuchera hybrida Zabelina**, "HYBRID ALUM ROOT," bright rosy pink flowers on strong stems, 3ft. in height, an excellent free-flowering variety. 6d.

**BEES' SCARLET**, "ALUM ROOT" Amongst a collection of varieties which includes almost every new sort offered of recent years, this variety stands out very strikingly, on account of its exceedingly brilliant colour. It is a good grower and extremely free flowering; every plant we had last summer was a mass of bloom. (See natural colour illustrations on pages 24 and 40) 6d.

" **sanguinea improved**, "CORAL BELLS," "SCARLET SAXIFRAGE," 2½, one of the best hardy plants for border or rockery; the flowers are bright coral scarlet, of good size and very pretty in the spike. 6d.

**Hellyhoeks**—All strong flowering plants.

Single, mixed colours; Double, mixed colours ... 2/8 doz.; each 4d.

Double, in separate colours, amaranth, carmine-rose, scarlet, sulphur, white ... 4/- doz.; each 6d.

**Hypericum fragile**. Perhaps the choicest of the dwarf St. John's Worts. The wiry stems, set with tiny leaves, creep along the ground, and carry an amazing number of the rich golden flowers. It is in all respects a rock plant of the best type, and is perfectly hardy. (See natural colour illustration on page 25) 6d.

" **læve rubrum**, "THE RED ST. JOHN'S WORT," F.C.G., R.H.S., 1914. Flowers of a particularly brilliant shade of fiery orange scarlet, approaching cinnabar red, are massed together in heads, which remind one of the dazzling South African Crassulas. When shown in London, this plant created quite a furore, and our propagators found it impossible to cope with the demand for plants. The foliage reminds one of a Heath. It is hardy in sunny, well-drained positions, and does well in sandy loam, with leafmould added. In winter it is wise to tilt a pane of glass over the plant to turn off heavy rains ... 2/6

" **Iberis sempervirens**, "Little Gem," "PERENNIAL CANDYTUFT," ½, a miniature form of perfect habit. 4d.

" "SNOWFLAKE," generally considered the largest and finest of the hardy evergreen Candytufts, makes a terrific show every spring on rockery or border. (See natural colour illustration on page 24) 6d.

**INCARVILLEA BREVIPES**, "SHORT-STEMMED TRUMPET FLOWER" Our first introduction from China. Perhaps the most notable feature is its habit of flowering in early summer. In May this plant is a mass of bloom. Anyone knows that brilliant rosy crimson is a very scarce colour at that time of the year, and no doubt this fact contributes largely to the success and popularity of this fine plant for herbaceous borders. The plant does not imitate *I. Delavayi* in that habit of occasionally lying dormant for a whole season. Out of the thousands we have grown we have never known a solitary plant which did not grow freely every season. The colour is, as has already been stated, a brilliant rosy crimson; this is accentuated by the pale yellow throat. (See natural colour illustrations on pages 24 & 31) 6d.

**Delavayi**, "DELAVAY'S TRUMPET FLOWER," one of the most remarkable of plants, and one whose capabilities are only just becoming realised. Five or six years ago a plant with two or three flowers on a stem one foot in length was looked upon with admiration. Lately the plant has been found capable of producing a perfect sheaf of bloom upon numerous stems, 3 or 4ft. in height, and handsome leaves of deep green colour and leathery texture, 2 and 3ft. long. Each flower is often over 3in. in length, of corresponding width, rich carmine rose in colour, and with a golden yellow throat. To obtain these most desirable results, it is necessary that the plants should have a deep root-run in rich soil, and be well established. (See natural colour illustration on page 21) ... 6d.

" **grandiflora**, "GIANT TRUMPET FLOWER," huge trumpet flowers of deep crimson rose with pale yellow throat. (See natural colour illustration on page 25) 6d.

**Inula glandulosa**, "CAUCASIAN SPIKENHARD," 1½, striking orange-yellow flowers with narrow wavy petals, a splendid plant for borders or cut flowers (See natural colour illustration on page 24) ... 6d.



Delavay's Trumpet Flower.



Giant Trumpet Flower.

**Iris aurea**, "GOLDEN FLEUR DE LIS," 3-4, one of the finest of yellow-flowered "Flags," with deep green graceful foliage, and beautifully-fringed golden yellow flowers; fine in damp positions ... **6d.**  
 " " **cristata**, "CRESTED IRIS," 4. In the rockery, in beds, borders, or pans, its exquisite flowers of delicate azure blue and lilac, striped with gold, are the admiration of all beholders. (See natural colour illustration on page 27) ... **6d.**  
 " " **Forrestii**. This Chinese species is probably the finest and prettiest dwarf yellow Iris in cultivation. The flowers, which are borne in great profusion on stems 18in. high, are a fine yellow with darker reticulations, bloom in June. (See natural colour illustration on page 21) ... **3d.**  
 " " **germania**, "GERMAN IRIS," "POOR MAN'S ORCHID." Will grow and flower anywhere in the poorest soil, and in shade or full sun; handsome at all times, with their magnificent sword-shaped leaves; when they are in full bloom they eclipse everything else in the garden. In the following descriptions: (S)—standards, or upright petals; (F)—falls, or the drooping petals. (See natural colour illustration on page 28).  
 " " **Albicans**, very fine, pure white variety.  
 " " **Boileau**, (S) pale lavender, (F) lavender netted purple.  
 " " **Bridesmaid**, very showy, pure white with delicate lavender markings.  
 " " **Clariosa**, very distinct, beautifully clouded and veined dark purple.  
 " " **Delia**, pale lilac and rosy purple.  
 " " **Fay**, very fine shade of dark lavender.  
 " " **Gervais**, medium height, flowers violet purple, sweet scented.  
 " " **Malvina**, (S) rich yellow, (F) beautifully reticulated chestnut.  
 " " **Mourning Chief**, crowds of large dark Tyrian purple.  
 " " **Regina**, (S) straw yellow, (F) yellow netted purple.  
 " " **Ruby**, dwarf and free, flowers reddish purple.  
 " " **Sir C. Napier**, brown and bronze, finely netted.

Single plant **6d.**; three or more of same sort at **4/- doz.**

COLLECTION: 1 each 12 sorts described above, and illustrated on page 28, **5/6**; 3 of each **10/-**.

" **Kaempferi**, "JAPANESE IRIS." The Swamp Irises of Japan do not necessarily require a swamp. They certainly prefer damp, but they will grow and flower in almost any position. They are the largest and showiest of all Irises. Their large salver-shaped flowers, single, semi-double, and double, catch the eye anywhere. The Japanese gardeners have immensely improved them, and they are now to be had in all shades of purple, lilac, dark blue, porcelain, and white, and the colours are set off by a network of veins and tracing so delicate that it might have been done by Japanese fairies; finest mixed colours... ... ... **4/- doz.**; **6d.**



Japanese Iris (Kaempferi).



Macowan's Torch Lily, 2ft.



White Pearl Everlasting Pea.

## IRIS—Continued.

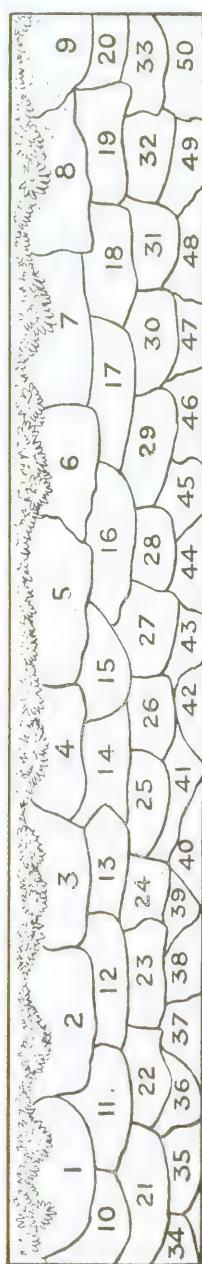
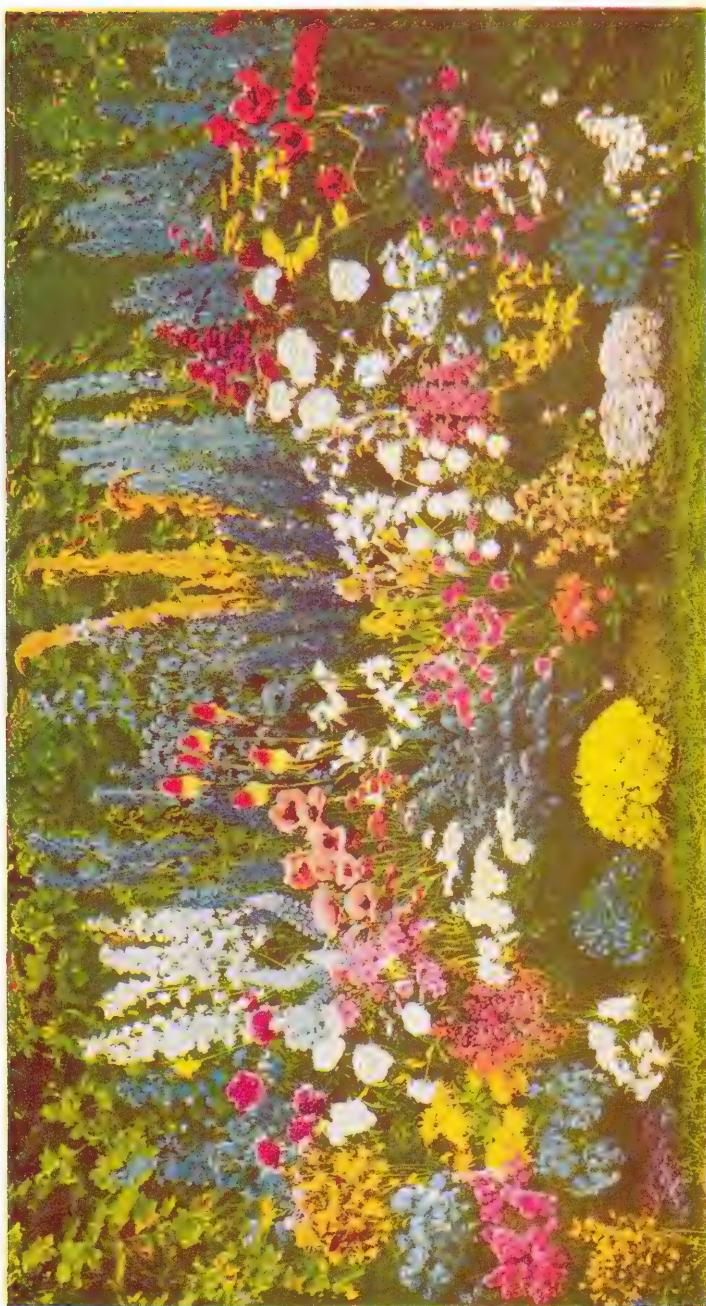
"	<b>pallida odoratissima</b> , "FRAGRANT IRIS," one of the finest Irises, broad imposing foliage, flowers very large, pale lavender, and deliciously scented, on spikes 3 to 4ft. high...	9d.
"	<b>pumila</b> , "PIGMY IRIS," $\frac{1}{2}$ , this species and its varieties form a group of most lovely spring and early summer flowers; of the easiest culture, they are suitable for border or rockery, and also make fine objects in pots or pans for house decoration; (S) violet, (F) deep violet-purple with white beard	6d.
"	" <b>cyanea</b> , indigo blue	4d.
"	" <b>lutea</b> , bright clear yellow flowers	6d.
"	<b>siberica major</b> , one of the finest of the many fine forms of the "Siberian Flag," tall growing, and with large flowers of the most charming shades of blue and rich violet. (See natural colour illustration on page 25)	4d.
"	" <b>nana</b> , dwarf, with richly-coloured blue flowers	6d.
"	" <b>Blue King</b> , an improved Japanese form, flowers clear pale blue	4d.
"	" <b>Snow Queen</b> , An exquisite new hardy Iris, flowers of snowy whiteness, large and well-formed, produced in great abundance; foliage light and graceful, grows about 3ft. to 4ft. high; a grand plant for border or water side...	6d.
"	<b>spuria</b> , "FALSE FLAG," 3-4, a glorious Iris, flowers very large, of rich blue-violet and milk, surfaced with gold dust	9d.
<b>Kniphofia aloides</b> , "TORCH LILY, RED HOT POKER," 4-5, the best known species, handsome spikes of orange and yellow flowers. (See natural colour illustrations on pages 28 and 29)	9d.	
"	<b>Goldelse</b> (NEW), rich citron yellow; these pretty yellow varieties are rapidly gaining in favour. Award of Merit, R.H.S.	9d.
"	<b>longicollis</b> , "LONG-NECKED TORCH LILY," 2-3, a recently introduced species from Natal, produces in very late autumn its pale yellow orange-tinted flower spikes	1/-
"	<b>Macowanii</b> , "MACOWAN'S TORCH LILY," 2, spikes of brilliant coral-red flowers in the most wonderful profusion, excellent for cutting	9d.
"	<b>Tuckii</b> , "TUCK'S TORCH LILY," 3-5, handsome spikes of bright red flowers, fading pale yellow, and ornamental Yucca-like foliage. A most effective June flowering species	6d.
<b>Lathyrus latifolius</b> , "EVERLASTING PEA," 4-6, racemes of bright rose-coloured flowers on long stems, fine for cutting...	6d.	

## WHITE PEARL. This is undoubtedly the finest of the white-flowered perennial "Peas."

☛	The pure white flowers, twice the size of the ordinary form, are produced with great freedom in large clusters on long stems; suitable for cutting	1/-
* <b>Leontopodium alpinum</b> , "SWISS EDELWEISS," $\frac{1}{2}$ . There is not the slightest difficulty in growing this choice alpine; if a little old mortar is put into the soil about its roots, the flowers will come of a purer white	4d.	
<b>Liatris scariosa</b> , "TASSEL FLOWER," large dark purple tassel-like flowers, very showy, handsome border plant of distinct appearance	6d.	
<b>LILIU PSEUDO-TIGRINUM</b> . A new Chinese Lily, infinitely better than the old Tiger Lily, very robust, and proof against the disease that affects <i>Lilium</i> in some parts of the country. The stout spikes, five feet high, are clothed with numerous lance-shaped leaves and carry from 20 to 24 slightly recurved deep orange-red flowers, moderately spotted with crimson over half the petals; very hardy.	6d. & 9d.	
" <b>Hansonii</b> . We have recently acquired a fine stock of this handsome lily, and as the "raison d'être" is a most excellent argument for your investing in a few bulbs, it shall be told here. Some years ago a score bulbs or so were planted amongst hardy Azaleas in a garden in Cheshire, and promptly forgotten, except for the period when the 5-foot stems towered over the shrubs bearing handsome golden orange flowers by the score. The result of this skilled neglect was a healthy mass of vigorous bulbs, which bloomed so famously that the owner conceived the idea that a plant of such vigour must be outrageously common, and forthwith ordered its removal. The fact is, of course, that Hanson's Lily is a comparatively rare thing of striking beauty. However, we are glad to be able to offer bulbs at about one-third the usual price	4/- doz.; each 6d.	

## Bees' Everlasting Flower Borders.

are made to measure—to fit. You can have a Bee Border of any size at 2½d. per square foot.

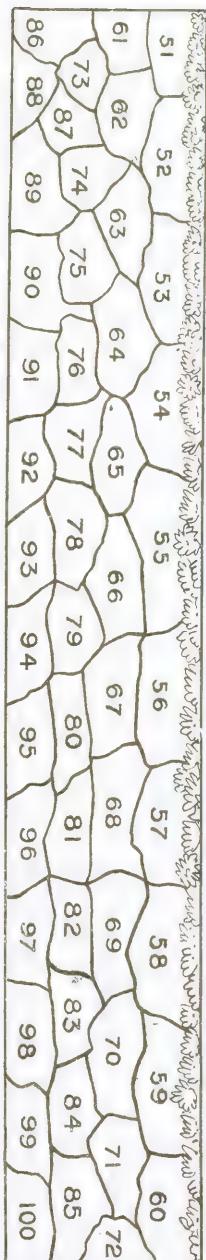


Bees' "May-June" Border, 50 splendid Hardy Perennials to bloom in early summer, 2½d carriage paid. (For names of plants, numbered to correspond with plan, see page 4.)

Bee Borders cost 2½d. per square foot, delivered your nearest station, and the plants are everlasting—perennial—they do not die in winter.

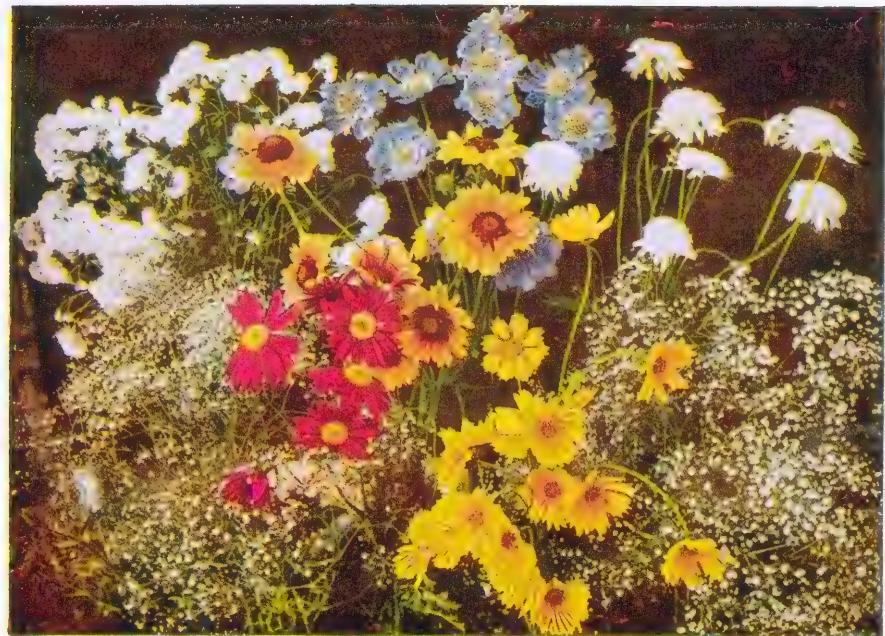
## *Every month you can have Fresh Flowers.*

If you invest in a Bee Border, you are daily delighted with new flower faces, each prettier than the last.

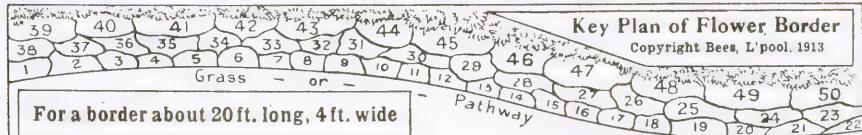


**Bees' "July-August" Border,** 50 first-class Hardy Perennials to bloom in mid and late summer, 18/6 carriage paid. (See page 4 for list of plants numbered to correspond with plan).

For an outlay of 15/6 you secure 50 first-class perennials which will grow practically anywhere, and which are really very artistic. See opposite page.



**Bees' Cut-Flower Collection No. 1, 8 plants 3/9 carriage paid.** Splendid border flowers for cutting.  
 Pearl Sneezewort 4d. Caucasian Scabious 6d. Double White Pyrethrum 6d.  
 Single Red Pyrethrum 6d. Gaillardia 4d. Gauze Flower 6d. Golden Marguerite 3d. Double Gypsophila 9d.



**Bees' "XL" Border: 50 excellent Hardy Perennials, arranged to flower June to September, 15/6 carriage paid.** (See page 4 for lists of plants numbered to correspond with plan).



**Bees' May-flowering Border Plants, Collection No. 2, 5/- carriage paid.**

Opal Alkanet 4d.	Roscoe Poppy 6d.	Aaron's Rod 6d.	Dropmore Alkanet 4d.
Mont Blanc Pyrethrum 6d.	Blue Lupin 4d.	Fairy Iris 6d.	Nancy Poppy 6d.
Bees' Alum-root 6d.	Siberian Avens 6d.	Trumpet Flower 6d.	Caucasian Flea-bane 6d.



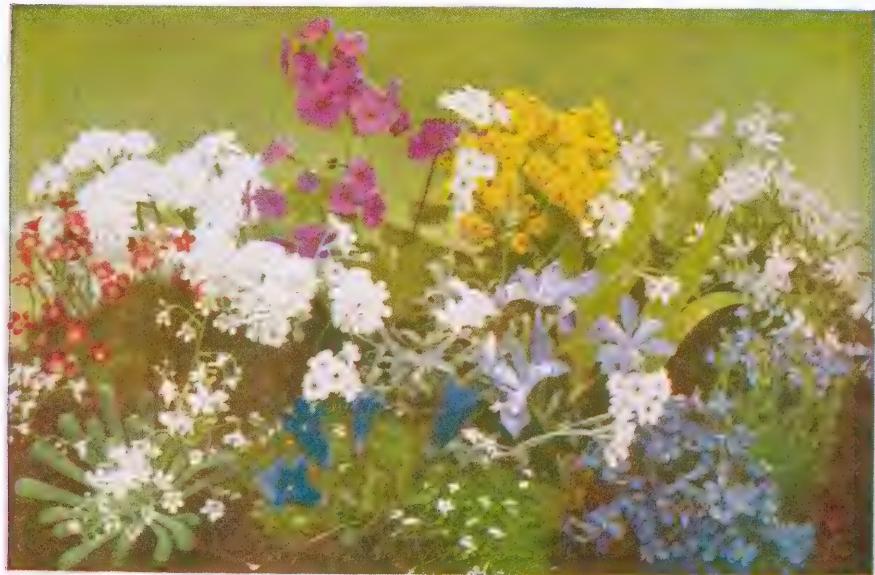
**Bees' May-flowering Rock Plants, Collection No. 3, 5/6 carriage paid.**

Albert's Rockfoil 6d.	Golden Alyssum 4d.	Lapham's Phlox 6d.	Pennywort Rockfoil 6d.
Lavender Aubrieta 6d.	Bath Rockfoil 6d.	Holdreich's Avens 6d.	Foam Flower 4d.
Snowflake Candytuft 6d.	Rock Forget-me-not 6d.	Pritchard's Rock Cress 6d.	Alpine Erinus 4d.



**Bees' June-flowering Border Plants, Collection No. 4, 5/6 carriage paid.**

Large Bella Larkspur 6d. Persimmon Larkspur 6d. Fraxinella 6d. Lamartine Larkspur 6d. Columbine Meadow-Rue 6d. Albicans Iris 6d. Golden Columbine 4d. Siberian Iris 4d. Pink Lupin 6d. Royal Blue Speedwell 4d. Double Catchfly Campion 6d. Mussin's Catmint 4d. Yellow Flax 4d.



**Bees' June-flowering Rock Plants, Collection No. 5, 5/6 carriage paid.**

Snowflake Candytuft 6d. Veitch's Primrose 6d. Double Golden Alysson 6d. Star Phlox 4d. Bloody Rockfoil 6d. Silvery Greek Yarrow 4d. Crested Iris 6d. Alpine Erinus 4d. Albert's Rockfoil 6d. Gentianella 6d. Balearic Sandwort 4d. Dr. Mules' Aubrieta 6d.



**Bees' July-flowering Border Plants, Collection No. 6, 4/6 carriage paid.**

Cambridge Bergamot 4d. New Departure Mullein 9d. Texan Mallow 4d. Jerusalem Cross 4d. Pearl Sneezewort 4d. Double Meadowsweet 4d. Dwarf Sneezewort 4d. King Ed. VII. Marguerite 4d. Basin Bellflower 4d. Young's Evening Primrose 6d. Mrs. Bradshaw's Avens 4d. Showy Fleabane 4d.



**Bees' July-flowering Rock Plants, Collection No. 7, 7/- carriage paid.**

C'burn's Primrose 6d. Y'll'w Rockfoil 6d. Viper's Lungwort 6d. Californ'n Rockfoil 6d. Scarlet Larkspur 6d. Spatula St'neer'p 6d. Inn'e'nce Sun Rose 6d. Giant Tr'impel Fl'w'r 6d. Rock F'get-me-not 6d. Græc'n V'let 6d. H'v'nly Blue Gromwell 6d. Pink Thrift 3d. Fragile St. J'h'n's-w'r 6d. W'tcer'It Musk 6d. Basil Soapw'r 4d.



**Bees' August-flowering Border Plants, Collection No. 8, 5/6 carriage paid.**

C'pp'r Sn'zew'rt 4d. Oliver's Sea Holly 6d. White W'mw'd 4d. David's Goat's-beard 6d. Tersteeg Marguerite 4d.  
Double Gypsophila 9d. Henry's Phlox 6d. Caucasian Scabious 6d. Red Sea Sea Lavender 6d.  
Balloon Flower 6d. Single Gauze-flower 6d. Blanket-flower 4d. Pearl Sneezewort 4d.



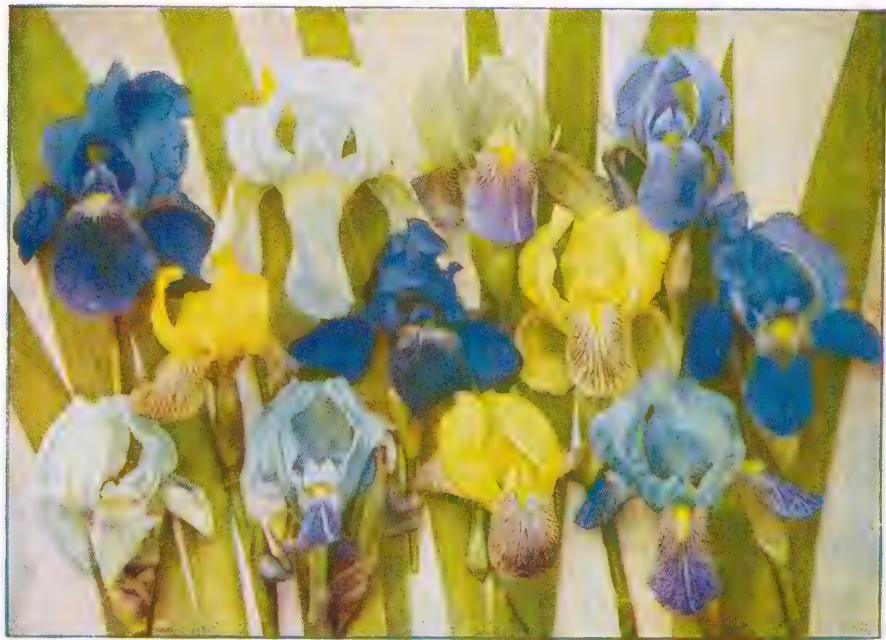
**Bees' August-flowering Rock Plants, Collection No. 9, 5/3 carriage paid.**

G. F. Wilson's Bellflower 4d. Golden Drop 6d. Dwf. Purple Bellflower 4d. Florentine Rock Rose 6d.  
Lantosca's Rockfoil 9d. Double Pink 6d. Cup Bellflower 4d. Lydian Stonecrop 4d.  
Cheddar Pink 4d. Gargano's Bellflower 4d. Cobweb House-Leek 6d. Rosy Thyme 6d.



**Bees' September-flowering Border Plants, Collection No. 10, 5/- carriage paid.**

White Bellflower 6d.      Double Sunflower 6d.      Torch Lily 9d.      Giant Sunflower 4d.  
 Plume Poppy 4d.      Purple Coneflower 6d.      Newmann's Coneflower 6d.      False Dragon's-head 3d.  
 White Japanese Anemone 6d.      Whortleberry Knotweed 4d.      Cupidone 3d.      Willmott's Cinquefoil 6d.



**Bees' May-June-flowering Irises, Collection No. 11 5/6 carriage paid.**

Gervaise,  
 Malvina,  
 Bridesmaid,

Albicans,

Delia,

Fay,

Mourning Chief,

Regina,

Ruby,

Clariosa,

Sir Charles Napier,

Boileau.

(Single plants 6d.      3 plants same name 1/-,      4/- doz.)



**Bees' Sept.-October-flowering Border Plants, Collection No. 12, 5/- carriage paid.**

Riverton Gem Sneezewort 3d. St. Egwin M. Daisy 3d. Red Hot Poker 9d. Golden Rod 6d. Perfection M'ms Daisy 4d. White Japanese Anemone 6d. Double Sunflower 6d. Japanese Bugwort 6d. Copper Sneezewort 4d. Showy Stonecrop 4d. Giant Ox-eye Daisy 4d. Autumn Queen Anemone 6d.



**Bees' Summer-flowering Flame-flowers, Border Phlox, Collection No. 13, 5/6 carriage paid.**

Selma,	Aurora,	Pantheon,	Mrs. Oliver,
Nettie Stuart,	General Henty,	Frau Buchner,	Iris,
G. A. Strochlein,	Eugene Danzanvilliers,	Elizabeth Campbell,	Coquilecot.
(Single plants 6d. 3 plants same name 1/- doz. 4/-.)			



**Bees' Spreading Globe Flower** (*Trollius patulus*, Bees' variety), height 9 inches.

In many respects this is one of the best new plants which Bees' Collectors have sent home from China. Golden orange flowers, opened flat like a salver, spring up singly on stout stems of even length, so as to produce a neat mole-hill-like mound, a foot or more across, but not quite a foot high. **8/- doz.; 1/- each.**



**Aubrietas or "Purple Rock Cresses,"** height about 3 inches; very hardy, first-class perennials for edge of border, beds, rockery, &c. Plants are in pots.

**Collection No. 14.—Three strong plants of each sort, 5/6 carriage paid.**

Lavender 6d.

Prichards A1 6d.

Golden-leaved 6d.

Dr. Mules 6d.

Fire King 6d.



**August Beauty Roscea.**—The yellow-flowered plant is a first-class hardy perennial, suitable for border or rockery, 1/-.—**Alpine Roscea**, beautiful, orchid-like, purple flowers, 6d.

**Cleft Gentian.**—*G. septemfida*, produces masses of Gentian blue flowers, on border or rockery in July and August, 1/-. **Collection No. 15, 3 plants each, 3 sorts (illustrated) 5/6 carriage paid.**



**Bees' Crimson Trumpet Flower** (*Incarvillea brevipes*).—In May and June this hardy perennial is the centre of attraction amongst a host of larger and more vigorous plants. The handsome leaves form tufts of emerald green, from which rise numerous stems bearing several brilliant crimson rose trumpets.

6/- doz.; 9d. each



**Bees' Pyrethrum Collection, No. 16, Hardy Border Fire Flowers.** 1 plant each, 6 sorts, 3/- carriage paid.  
Aphrodite (d. white), Firefly (s. crimson), Pink Pearl (single pink),  
Lady Derby (d. pink), Hamlet (s. rose), General French (s. deep red).  
(Single plants 6d. 3 plants same name 1/- doz. 4/-.)



**Bees' Pyrethrum Collection No. 17; Hardy Border Fire Flowers.** 1 plant each, 6 sorts, 3/- carriage paid.  
Gloire de Nancy (s. pink), Queen Mary (double pink), Mrs. Bateman Brown (s. deep red),  
Decoy (s. scarlet), Perfection (s. rose), James Kelway (s. red).  
(Single plants 6d. 3 plants same name 1/- doz. 4/-.)



**Bees' Michaelmas Daisy Collection No. 18.** 1 each 10 sorts illustrated **6/- carriage paid.**  
 Four New Doubles:—Nancy Ballard 3d. Peggy Ballard 3d. Glory of Colwall 3d. Beauty of Colwall 4d.  
 New Aster:—Beauty of Ronsdorf 1/6. Perry's Favourite 6d. Ultramarine 6d.  
 Preziosa, 1/6. Thomsoni 6d. Beute Parfait 9d.



**Bees' Michaelmas Daisy, Collection No. 19.** 1 each 12 sorts, illustrated, **3/6 carriage paid.** Single plants 3d.  
 Moonlight, Fairfieldi, St. Egwin, Saturn,  
 Delight, Climax, Hilda Morris, Thurza,  
 Lady Lloyd, G. M. Lewis, Mrs. H. Morris, Feltham Blue.

**Hardy Perennial Aster or Michaelmas Daisies.** From end of August until nearly Christmas these plants produce quantities of bloom that are simply astounding. Every spray is wreathed with lovely daisy-like flowers so well placed and daintily coloured that it is a sheer joy to have them in the house.



**Bees' Paeony Collection No. 20.** One plant each, 6 sorts, illustrated, 8/- carriage paid.  
Atrosanguinea, Carnea elegans, Festiva maxima,  
Neva, Mme. Calot, Arsene Muirel.  
(Single plants 1/9. 3 same name 3/6. per doz. 14/-.)



**Bees' Paeony Collection No. 21.** One plant each, 6 sorts, illustrated, 8/- carriage paid.  
Mme. Chaumny, Bell Chatelaine, Queen of Roses,  
Philomel, Humea carnea, Duchess de Nemours.  
(Single plants 1/9. 3 same name 3/6. per doz. 14/-.)



**Bees' Garland Flower, Daphne Cneorum.**—This deliciously fragrant shrub grows less than 1 foot high, and is a mass of rich rosy pink flowers for several weeks in spring and early summer; excellent for border or rockery, 1/9, 3 for 3/6; larger bushes 2/6, 3 for 5/-. **Silvery Cinquefoil** (*Potentilla fruticosa nana argentea*). Of trailing habit, fine rock shrub, has golden flowers and silvery foliage. 9d, 3 for 1/6.



**Bees' Larkspur Collection No. 22.** One strong plant each, 6 sorts, illustrated, 3/- carriage paid.  
Persimmon 6d. Cestrian 6d. Belladonna Semiplena 6d.  
Lamartine 6d. Albion (white) 9d. Eureke 6d.  
(All these Larkspurs are particularly good for cutting.)



**Bees' Mersey Hybrid Primroses.**—These hardy border or rockery plants are derived from *Primulas* *Bulleyana* *P. Boesiana*, and *P. pulverulenta*. They include many glorious new shades, mixed colours. **6d.**; **4/- doz.**; selected to colour, limited stock, **2/6** each.

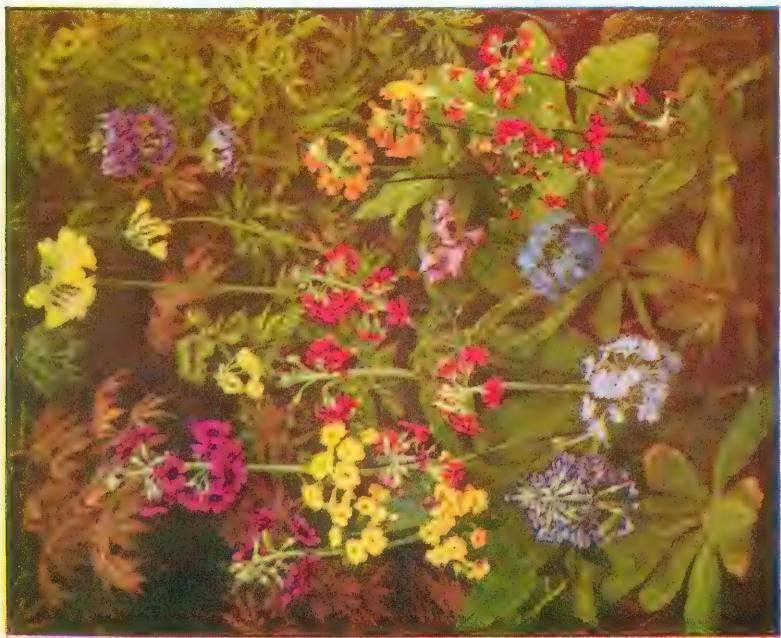


**Bees' Ness Tree Lupins.**—So splendid a plant as the Tree Lupin should be very welcome in these new shades. As the flowers fade, the colours become more pronounced. The immense spikes of bloom in various stages of development produce a striking effect. **4/- doz.**; **6d. each.**



**Perennial Lupins.** Immense spikes, sheathed for upwards of 2ft, or so with quaint pea-like flowers. The colouring is exquisite; plants are hardy, and well in or near lawns.

**Bees' Perennial Lupin Collection No. 23.** One plant each, 6 sorts, **4/6 carriage paid.** (For names and full descriptions see descriptive pages). One cannot speak too highly of these stately border plants; neither in flower or in foliage are they surpassed by the magnificent Delphinium.



**Hardy Primroses.** Most lovely of all hardy flowers. They delight in light shade, such as can be readily given in the rock garden or plant border.

**Bees' Hardy Primroses, Collection No. 24.** One plant each, 6 sorts underlined, **3/3 carriage paid.**

Bresiana (violet),	Bulleyana (orange),	Cockburniana (scarlet),
Sikkimensis (primrose),	Unique (scarlet),	Secundiflora (wine red),
Pulverulenta (wine red),	Forresti (golden),	Pulchella (blue),
		Pulchelloides (lavender).



**Bees' Perennial Mulleins, Collection No. 25.** Three each, 3 sorts, 4/- carriage paid.  
Caledonia Mullein, sulphur yellow shaded buff, 6d. New Departure, golden bronze, immense size, 9d.  
(*densiflorum*), "Aaron's Rod," coppery yellow, 6d. (one of each 2/- carriage paid).



**Bees' Perennial Poppies, Collection No. 26.** One each, 6 sorts, 3/- carriage paid.  
The Oriental Poppies have no competitor for sheer, splendid gorgeousness. Immense blooms, 6 inches to  
nearly a foot across, are not at all uncommon. The petal texture is exquisite, especially in the tender shades.  
The lowermost flowers are those of the Iceland Poppy. (See descriptive pages for names, &c.)



**Bees' Celtic Polyanthus.**—The old-fashioned Polyanthus has given place to a type with huge trusses of flowers which are held well up over the foliage. For spring bedding these hybrids are excellent, and no less useful as permanent occupants of the herbaceous border. 16/- 100; 2/6 doz. Extra strong clumps.



**Roscoea cautlioides** charms everyone who sees it. No other hardy plant has such exquisite primrose-coloured flowers, or so quaintly distinguished a habit. 9d. **Siberian Columbine** (*Ac. glandulosa*) is a unique rock or border plant. 9d. **Spring Gentian**, *G. verna*, has most intense blue flowers. 9d.  
Collection No. 27. 3 plants each, 3 sorts, 5/- carriage paid.



**Himalayan Asphodel**, *Eremurus robustus*, 3 to 4ft. spikes of peach pink flowers on 6ft. stems. 3/- to 5/-.



**Rocky Mountain Columbine** (*Aq. caerulea*), one of the loveliest of border or rock plants, grows 12 inches high. 4/- doz.; 6d. each.



**Thomson's Starwort.**

Aster Thomsoni is a dwarf plant of perfect colouring and habit, suitable either for border or rockery. 4/- doz.; each 6d.

**Fringed Catchfly.**

*Silene laciniata Purp.* has flowers of vivid cardinal scarlet; a most brilliantly coloured rock plant. 6/- doz.; each 9d.



### Blue Perennial Flax



### Creeping Gromwell.

\**Linum flavum*, "YELLOW FLAX," 1, one of the showiest of dwarf yellow-flowered plants, produces masses of flowers from June to September. (See natural colour illustration on page 25)... 6d.

**LITHOSPERMUM PROSTRATUM**, "CREEPING GROMWELL," 1. This is one of the plants which become universal favourites as soon as seen. Everyone is charmed with this dwarf evergreen shrub. Persons who have grown it for years declare that they have never, at any time of the year, failed to find a few flowers open upon the twiggy growths, so beautifully clothed with evergreen leaves. Border and rockery are both congenial homes, and in either position the pretty deep green mounds of foliage studded or partially covered with the rich Gentian-blue flowers are unique and lovely in effect. For wall-gardening there is nothing better than this beautiful shrub; its dwarf, somewhat trailing habit seems peculiarly suited to the accompaniment of stones and rock-work. (See natural colour illustration on page 25.) AD.

" to the accompaniment of stones and rock-work. (See natural colour illustration on page 28) **6d.**  
" **"Heavenly Blue."** One of the most interesting plants that have been brought before the public for some years past. The old "prostratum" is a favourite with everyone, either for the front row of the border or for the rockery, forming a tuft of dark evergreen foliage, covered with bloom for months in early spring. This new variety is similar in every way in general appearance, but the flowers are of a lovely sky-blue. It was exhibited before the R.H.S., who unanimously gave it an Award of Merit... **6d.**

**Lupinus arboreus**, "TREE LUPIN," numerous spikes of fragrant yellow flowers, and pretty foliage, on shrubby stems, which, in sheltered positions, attain a height of from 3 to 6 or even 8 ft. (See natural colour illustration on page 36) 4d.

"albus" "Snow Queen," a chaste white form; when flowering freely the plants present the appearance of a bank of snow, deliciously fragrant. .... 4d.  
**argenteus**, "SILVERY LUPIN." Of the silvery-leaved Lupins, and they are very few, this is far and away the most striking. The habit is shrubby, like *L. arboreus*, but the plant is quite hardy and thrives well in a well-drained sandy soil. It is, however, eminently suitable for growing against a south wall, or in pots in the alpine house or a cool greenhouse. The flowers are pale mauve, a colour which admirably fits in with the silvery sheen of the foliage. .... **Strong plants in pots 9d.**

**LUPINUS ARBOREUS HYBRIDS.** In a Cheshire garden the Tree Lupin has made itself at home to such an extent that it is practically naturalised. And, as is often the case in similar circumstances, the plants began to develop certain peculiarities, mostly in the direction of extra colouring in the flowers. Wise selection played a part, too, with a result that is worth a long journey to see. On a bank flanking a long border of June flowers there is in season as splendid a show of bloom as anyone could wish to see. Both the "Snow Queen"

and lovely yellow species have contributed, and some indication of the colour variation is given on page 36. Scarcely leaf or twig is visible when the flowers are at their best. We offer strong mixed shades. (See natural colour illustration on page 36) ... 4/- doz; each 6d. *polyphyllus*, "BLUE LUPIN," 3, numerous handsome spikes of dark blue flowers, and tufts of pretty bright green foliage. This indispensable plant flowers in spring and early summer, but by cutting off the flower stalks as soon as the flowers are faded a second crop of bloom may be had in the autumn, when the fine blue flowers will be thoroughly appreciated; this cultural hint applies equally well to all the excellent varieties. (See natural colour illustrations on pages 24 and 37) 4d



Ward's Blue Poppy (Meconopsis Wardii).



Himalayan Lungwort.

**Lupinus polyphyllus**—Continued.

“	“	albus, “WHITE LUPIN,”	pure white form, very effective	4d.
“	“	Lavender Bee.	Immense spikes of lovely pale lavender flowers, changing to a much deeper lavender with age	9d.
“	“	Primrose Bee.	Large spikes of flowers which open a charming pale primrose colour, changing with age to a fine blush tint	9d.
“	“	Moerheimi.	Fine long spikes of pink and white coloured flowers; a grand acquisition for cutting purposes, as well as for the border	9d.
<b>L</b>	<b>Ychnis</b>	<b>chalconota.</b>	<b>“JERUSALEM CROSS,”</b> 3, bright scarlet flowers in terminal heads; of the best of border plants. (See natural colour illustration on page 26)	<b>6d.</b>
<b>L</b>	<b>SPLENDENS</b>	<b>PLENA,</b> handsome double rose scarlet flowers in spikes, a brilliant dwarf plant, in appearance somewhat resembling a double “Stock”	(See natural colour illustration on page 25)	6 sorts for 2/-; 6d.
<b>M</b>	<b>alvastrum</b>	<b>coccineum.</b> A trailing mallow, with brick red flowers and grey foliage; likes sunny position	9d.	
<b>M</b>	<b>ecognopsis</b>	<b>cambrica</b>	<b>plena,</b> “DOUBLE WELSH POPPY,” very double yellow flowers heavily splashed with scarlet. A splendid plant for border or rockery	1/-
“	“	Wardii, a New Plant from China.	Flowers Oxford blue, with white stamens, borne freely in a branching panicle; grows about two feet high; plant in a moist, half shady position	each 6d.
<b>M</b>	<b>ertensia</b>	<b>echioides,</b> “VIPER'S LUNGWORT,” $\frac{1}{2}$ , of dwarf habit and vigorous constitution, flowers deep blue with a bright yellow eye. (See natural colour illustration on page 25)	6d.	
“	“	<b>elongata,</b> “HIMALAYAN LUNGWORT,” $\frac{2}{3}$ , from the Himalays; splendid gentian blue, a really choice plant	4d.	

**Bees' Hardy Alpine Mimulus.**

(See natural colour illustration inside back page of cover.)

We believe we are the only people who have taken any particular trouble with the hardy perennial, **Alpine Mimulus**. The colour illustration will convince you that they are to be counted amongst the best dozen dwarf perennials.

Let it be made quite clear that these gorgeous Mimulus are very different from the Monkey Flower which you raise from seed annually. **Bees' Hybrid Alpine Mimulus** may be planted out and left in the ground like any of the common herbaceous perennials. It is a queer thing, but a well-known fact nevertheless, that folk will take any amount of trouble over a delicate plant of no considerable beauty, but generally neglect the perfectly splendid hardy flower, which is capable of looking after itself.

For several years we have been devoting ourselves to the improvement of these Musks, and in result we now have a strain which is probably unmatched in the country. Dark red, crimson, pink, old gold, citron, and pure white are a few of the colours represented. The flowers are very large and showy, and are blotched and tessellated in a most extraordinary fashion. From 6d. each; 12 varieties, 1 plant each sort for 3/6.

- Brigadier Bee, canary yellow profusely tigred brown red.
- Captain Bee, intensely brilliant velvety carmine-scarlet flowers; a blaze of colour all summer.
- Colonel Bee, rich rose red, a lovely colour and very showy.
- Drummer Bee, beautiful clear canary yellow.
- Ensign Bee, pure white, blotched and spotted chestnut red.
- Field-Marshal Bee, indescribably gorgeous colouring of chestnut, red, and gold.
- General Bee, deep gold ground with rich red markings and blotches.
- Lieutenant Bee, rich orange red, with yellow throat, spotted chestnut.
- Major Bee, hose in hose variety, white ground with brilliant markings and blotches of crimson maroon.

Rockfoils, *Arabis*, *Aubrietas*, *Alysson*, &c., on rock bank leading to house.

Mimulus—Continued.

* " <i>Trooper Bee</i> , very heavily spotted crimson on a sulphur ground.	6d.
" " <i>Trumpeter Bee</i> , rich golden yellow ground, blotched and spotted deep maroon.	6d.
" " <i>Whitecroft Scarlet</i> . Grows scarcely 4 inches tall, but produces with amazing profusion splendidly dazzling scarlet flowers of large size during the whole of the summer and autumn. (See natural colour illustration on page 25)	6d.
<b>MONARDA CAMBRIDGE SCARLET</b> , "BERGAMOT," 2-3 feet. A remarkably handsome and fragrant border perennial, produces great masses of vivid scarlet flowers. It is a particularly effective plant because of the fact that the flowers are produced on the ends of the branches, thus forming a dense bush, of which the entire upper surface is wreathed in brilliantly coloured flowers. (See natural colour illustration on page 26)	6d.
* <b><i>Myosotis rupicola</i></b> , "ROCK FORGET-ME-NOT." This, the true plant, is undoubtedly one of the loveliest of alpines, scarcely rising above the rosettes of leaves, the deep blue flowers are charming beyond description. (See natural colour illustrations on pages 24 and 25)	6d.
* <b><i>NEPETA MUSSINI</i></b> , "MUSSIN'S CAT MINT." 1, an excellent plant for any position, of dwarf bushy habit, producing masses of bloom of a beautiful shade of pale lavender; this is one of the most effective and most easily grown of border plants, remaining in bloom from May to September. (See natural colour illustrations on pages 21 and 23)	4d.
<b><i>Enothera Arendsi</i></b> , "ARENDS'S EVENING PRIMROSE." Multitudes of soft, rosy flowers on 15in stems; very fragrant.	9d.
" <i>brachycarpa</i> , very large, yellow-flowered border plant, very sweetly scented	9d.
" <i>fruticosa</i> <i>Youngii</i> , "YOUNG'S EVENING PRIMROSE," 2, one of the finest forms, and an excellent border plant with rich yellow flowers. (See natural colour illustration on page 26)	6d.
* <b><i>Omphalodes cappadocica</i></b> , "CAPPADOCIAN NAVELWORT." A new, strong-growing species, with large rich gentian blue flowers, freely produced; like a glorified Forget-me-not.	6d. and 9d.
" " <i>verna</i> , "CREEPING FORGET-ME-NOT, BLUE-EYED MARY," 2, charming creeping plant with tiny panicles of white-eyed rich blue flowers, produced in abundance in spring and early summer	6d.
* <b><i>Onosma echoioides</i></b> , "GOLDEN DRÖP," 2-3, masses of large bright yellow flowers of a particularly pleasing shade of colour, and deep green foliage on sub-shrubby stems; this pretty plant is one of the most showy and hardy of rock plants; the flowers are sweetly scented, and are abundantly produced. (See natural colour illustration on page 26)	6d.
* <b><i>Origanum hybridum</i></b> , "PINK HOPS," 1, a very charming plant for border or rockery, produces masses of nodding pink flowers in summer	6d.



Pink Hops, a charming Dwarf Plant.



**Gland-leaved Wood Sorrel** (*Oxalis adenophylla*).

**Oxalis adenophylla**, "GLAND-LEAVED WOOD SORREL." Award of Merit, R.H.S., 1914. To describe this plant as superior to *O. enneaphylla* is rather a large order, but facts justify it nevertheless. The illustration shows only a small plant in a 3in. pot. Clumps on the open rockery, with a diameter of 9in. to 12in., are a truly magnificent sight. Stock very limited. The flowers are rosy white. .... 7/6 and 10/6

**enneaphylla**, "NINE-LEAVED WOOD SORREL,"  $\frac{1}{2}$ , a really beautiful plant from the Falkland Islands, with white flowers and pale glaucous green foliage, forming a pretty patch in the rockery in half-shade. .... 1/- and 1/6

**Paeonia**, "PÆONY, PÆON'S ROSE." Gorgeous beyond description, the "Paeony" needs no praise; when seen, the glorious masses of colour tell their own tale most effectively. "Paeonies" may be planted with excellent effect in almost any position, and great improvements would be the result of breaking away from the conventional beds and borders. Nothing can be finer than irregular masses of "Paeonies" of one colour, or blended colours, planted in grass. With "Daffodils" between, the spring effect would be enhanced. In splendid contrast to the rich crimson and carmine of the young stems and leaves, the bright colours of the *Narcissus* would be effectively shown. For house decoration the "Paeony" is unexcelled. Simply arranged with a little of its own foliage in good-sized vases of a neutral tint, the eye of the artist will be pleased with the rich and refined effect. A deep rich rather heavy soil is most favourable to the best results, but excellent results are obtained from planting in any ordinary well-manured garden soil. (See natural colour illustration on page 34)

**Exquisitely Fragrant, Double Chinese Pæonies.**

Strong plants 1/9 each, except where priced otherwise.  
1 plant each of 6 distinct varieties, Bees' selection, 9/-.  
1 plant each of 12 distinct varieties, Bees' selection, 18/-.

**Arsene Muirel**, lovely rose.  
**Atrosanguinea**, deep crimson.

**Belle Chatelaine**, rosy blush to white.

**Canarie**, beautiful creamy yellow.

**Carnea elegans**, very fine blush pink.

**Duchess de Nemours**, white, primrose centre.

**Edmon Lebon**, large silvery rose, a fine flower.

**Festiva maxima**, white, flaked crimson.

**Humea carnea**, delicate blush to white.

**Madame Calot**, a soft blush, very sweet.

**Monsieur Rousselon**, blush, changing to pure white.

**Madame Charles Leveque**, described as the finest Paeony in cultivation; colour clear blush pink, shaded with salmon. 2/6.

**Madame Chaumny**, handsome deep rose colour.

**Madame D. Vatry**, outer petals blush, large white centres.

**Neva**, silvery pink, fine, full flower.

**Philomèle**, rich rosy lilac, sulphur centre.

**Queen of the Roses**, beautiful rose-shaded flesh pink

**Rosea maxima**, delicate flesh colour.

**Double Pæonies in mixed colours.** A fine opportunity to secure exceptional value at a low figure. 5/- doz.; each 8d.



Iceland Poppies.



Canadian Flame Flower (Phlox).

**\*Papaver nudicaule**, "ICELAND POPPY," 1-1½, of compact habit, with erect slender stems bearing pretty translucent flowers; when it is in full bloom it is probably the most striking plant on the rockery; the colours range from white, through chrome, yellow, to richest orange, and even rose; available in mixed colours only ..... 4d.

" **orientale**, "ORIENTAL POPPY," in its way quite unmatched; huge flaunting flowers, the size of a basin, and of inconceivable brilliance, borne in the greatest freedom above the strong, rough leaves. (See natural colour illustrations on pages 24 and 38)

" **Beauty of Livermere.**" Immense blood-crimson flowers, very large, on fine stout stalks ..... 6d.

" **" Jeannie Mawson."** One of the loveliest of the new art shades, a delicate but quite rich salmon pink; flowers of huge size, splendid form, and well opened. (See natural colour illustration on page 38) ..... 6d.

" **" Lady Roscoe."** A charming new variety, beautiful salmon-pink flowers ..... 6d.

" **" Mrs. Perry**" (Award of Merit, R.H.S.), fine salmon-pink flowers of good substance, on erect sturdy stems, very free flowering. (See natural colour illustrations on pages 24 and 38) ..... 3d.

" **" Nancy."** The brightest and largest of all scarlet oriental poppies. (See natural colour illustration on page 38) ..... 6d.

" **" Princess Ena."** Flowers very much resemble large Tulips. The colour is a beautiful shell pink, very freely borne on slender stalks; a most useful variety for cut purposes. (See natural colour illustration on page 38) ..... 6d.

**Paradisea giganteum**, "GIANT ST. BRUNO'S LILY," produces when in flower the effect of a dwarf longiflorum Lily; the individual spikes are upwards of 4ft. in height, bearing large white flowers, which are sweetly scented ..... 1/-

**\*Pentstemon Davidsoni**, 4, brilliant rose crimson flowers, a gem for the rockery ..... 2/6

**\*PHLOX CANADENSIS LAPHAMI**, "CANADIAN PHLOX," absolutely tip-top, whether for border or rock garden; the 9 to 12in. stems are loaded with large handsome flowers of a particularly fine shade of lavender blue. (See natural colour illustration on page 24) ..... 6d.

" **decussata**, "GARDEN PHLOX." These are tall late-flowering Phloxes, the glory of the garden through July and August. They have been greatly improved in late years, and now carry great heads of showy flowers on stout stems 2-4ft. high. The colours include some magnificent shades of scarlet, crimson, shell pink, lilac, dark violet, and white. In most cases the "ground" colour is set off by a striking "eye" of some different shade. (See natural colour illustration on page 29)

" **Aurora**, large trusses of beautiful salmon-rose coloured flowers, crimson-centred ..... 6d.

" **Baron von Deder**, a splendid novelty, very large trusses, and flowers of a bright scarlet blood-red, the best of its colour ..... 6d.

" **Coquelicot**, very fine orange-scarlet ..... 6d.

" **Elizabeth Campbell**, very large spikes, and flowers which are a beautiful light salmon, changing to pink towards the centre. (Award of Merit) ..... 6d.

" **Eugene Danzanvilliers**, rich lilac blue, with a white centre ..... 6d.

" **Frau Ant Buchner**, the best of all white border Phloxes ..... 6d.

" **General Van Heutz**, brilliant salmon red with white centres, very large trusses, very attractive and strongly recommended ..... 6d.

" **G. A. Stroehlein**, beautiful variety with orange scarlet flowers with bright carmine eye, extra large flowers and enormous clusters ..... 6d.



Starry Alpine Phlox or Flame Flower; colour an exquisite pale lilac.

**Phlox decussata**—Continued.

..	..	Iris	finely formed flowers of large size, colour bluish violet	8d.
..	..	Le Mahdi	rich violet blue, a fine truss	6d.
..	..	Pantheon	deep salmon pink, large flowers	6d.
..	..	Selma	most handsome, of strong habit, and large trusses of flowers, which are a beautiful pink with cherry red eye	6d.
..	..	<b>STELLARIA LILACINA</b>	"STARRY ALPINE PHLOX," flowers of the most exquisitely lovely shade of pale lilac; one of the most charming of plants for massing on border or rockery. (See natural colour illustration on page 27)	4d.
..	..	Eventide	a lovely variety, flowers almost pure white, a good grower	4d.
..	..	subulata	"MOSS PINK, ALPINE PHLOX," $\frac{1}{2}$ , of tufted habit with prostrate stems, densely clothed with small narrow leaves, this species and the many charming varieties form a group of dwarf evergreen plants of unique beauty and effectiveness. The variedly beautiful forms of similar habit make patches of brilliant colour from April far into the summer months. It is worth noting that in heavy, retentive soils the period of blooming is very much extended.	4d.
..	..	"Sprite,"	bright rose-pink with carmine eye; one of the brightest and most effective	6d.
..	..	The Bride	This is one of the best of this section; it has very large pure white flowers, which are set off with a prominent red ring in the centre, very free flowering	9d.
..	..	<b>Physalis Alkekengi</b>	"WINTER CHERRY," $\frac{1}{2}$ , with dark orange-scarlet "lanterns"	3d.
..	..	<b>Physostegia virginiana</b>	"FALSE DRAGON'S HEAD," 3-5, with spikes of bright rosy pink flowers terminating the graceful leaf-like stems, these fine perennials are in the first rank. For cutting or for border decoration, and especially in bold groups, the "False Dragon's Head" is the most useful and excellently effective. (See natural colour illustration on page 28)	3d.
..	..	<b>Platycodon grandiflorum</b>	"CHINESE BELLFLOWER," $\frac{1}{2}$ , rich blue flowers netted with lines of a deep shade; leaves and stems rather glaucous; one of the finest perennials in existence. (See natural colour illustration on page 27)	6d.
..	..	<b>Plumbago Larpentea</b>	"LADY LARPENT'S LEADWORT," $\frac{1}{2}$ , very handsome rock or border plant, flowers magnificent cobalt blue	6d.
..	..	<b>Polemonium humile</b>	(Richardsoni), "DWARF JACOB'S LADDER" 1, clusters of charming pale sky-blue flowers on numerous stems, and tufts of pale green foliage; in habit free-flowering and compact; a splendid border plant	4d.
..	..	<b>Polyanthus</b>	a fine strain of mixed colours. (See natural colour illustration on page 39)	15/- 100; doz. 2/6
..	..	<b>Polygonatum multiflorum</b>	"SOLOMON'S SEAL," "DAVID'S HARP," 2, a most graceful plant, with arching stems of a total length of 9ft. or ft., the upper half bearing clusters of two to five pretty, pendulous flowers; splendid for forcing and house decoration, and a first-rate plant for shade and town gardens	4d.
..	..	<b>Polygonum affine</b>	"KNOT GRASS," $\frac{1}{2}$ -3, a splendid dwarf plant for almost any position. In the rockery it will form a dense mat of deep green leaves covered in autumn with innumerable spikes of rosy-red flowers, which will hang over stones or cover the surface of the soil; later, when the flowers are past, the leaves take on a pretty bronzy tint, which is retained through the winter; equally useful on the border or in beds, where the flowering season is more prolonged	4d.



Winter Cherry.



Affinity Knot Grass, pink, 6in.



Bees' Primrose, velvety purple, 2ft. 4d.

**Polygonum**—Continued.

\* " **vaccinifolium**, " WHORTLEBERRY-LEAVED KNOT GRASS," 1-2, one of the loveliest and most free-flowering of rockery or dwarf border plants, and one of the easiest and most hardy; forming dense sheets of pretty bright green leaves, covered from July to October with innumerable slender spikes of bright rosy-pink flowers, this fascinating trailer becomes tinted with scarlet on the stems and foliage, and is a pretty object throughout the year. (See natural colour illustration on page 28) 4d.

**Potentilla, Gibson's Scarlet.** The most brilliant pure scarlet single Potentilla we have ever seen; as rich and perfect in tone as anyone could wish. It grows 18in. high, and is an excellent grower; quite a valuable addition to hardy border plants 1/-  
 \* " **Miss Willmott.**" (1) Flowers of a particularly pleasing shade of crimson rose, shaded cherry-carmine, suitable border or rockery. (See natural colour illustration on page 28) 6d.  
 \* " **nitida**, " SHINING CINQUEFOIL,"  $\frac{1}{2}$ , one of the most charming of all dwarf plants; of neat tufted habit, spreading by means of underground stems, with pretty ternate silvery leaves and pale rosy flowers 6d.  
 " **hybrida**. These are amongst the most splendid of garden flowers, chrome, yellow, orange, terracotta, scarlet, and darkest maroon in every imaginable combination are the colours in which they delight; the list we offer covers some of the finest and largest varieties. All are double, all same price, 6d. each.

**Candidat**, fiery orange, one of the best.

**Dr. Audry**, orange suffused crimson.

**Potentum obtusatum**, " JAPANESE BURNET," a new species from Japan, producing numerous branched spikes of beautiful rose-coloured flowers, 2 to 3ft. high, flowering in July. An absolutely first-class new plant 2/-

**Flambeau**, crimson scarlet, tipped orange.

**La Vesuve**, fiery crimson, tipped orange.

## Hardy Primulas.

**Primula angustidens**, " NARROW-TOOTHED PRIMROSE." Resembles *P. Poissoni*, but is more free-flowering; the plants, instead of producing a solitary spike, often throw up from one crown several stems bearing several whorls of brilliant purple-violet flowers, each flower measuring nearly 1in. across. Like *P. Poissoni*, the foliage is bright and glossy, and the plant itself is a very vigorous, thrifty grower. There is no danger of this plant "going off" in the winter; it seems to revel in a moist situation, and will, no doubt, make an excellent bog plant 6d.

" **Bees' Hybrids.** (See natural colour illustration on page 36). These hybrids inherit the strong constitution and hardiness of their parents, Bulleyana and Beesiana. The colouring of the flowers is far ahead of anything ever conceived or seen in wild plants—orange, salmon-pink, and bright rose, with numerous indescribably beautiful intermediate shades, all of which blend most harmoniously, are included, and a few are feebly portrayed on page 36. The plants we offer are strong flowering plants, in mixed colours only 4/- doz.; 6d.

" **Selected to colour**, orange, rose, salmon, etc. (see coloured plate on page 36); strong 2/-

" 2 years old plants each 2/-

" **Beesiana**, " BEES' PRIMROSE." In point of merit this novelty may be ranked with *P. Bulleyana*; indeed, it differs from that species mainly in the colour of its bloom, which is of a glowing velvety purple with a conspicuous yellow eye. The scape rises from a crown of primrose-like foliage, and under favourable circumstances reaches a height of over 3ft., and produces its whorls of showy flowers tier above tier in the early summer. It is altogether a most remarkable species, very free flowering, and quite hardy. (See natural colour illustration on page 37) 6d.



**Capitate Primrose (violet).**



### Cockburn's Primrose.

**Primula**—Continued.

**Bulleyana**, "BULLEY'S PRIMROSE." This truly magnificent and hardy plant has brought a new colour into the *Primula* world. It is hard to describe; buff, orange, apricot, and scarlet all enter into it. Notwithstanding its extraordinary coloring, there is no tenderness about it. We had a large bed of it in a damp wood quite without protection all through the winter, and the sight of this mass of glorious colour, rising tier above tier, when it came into flower in early summer was certainly worth going a great many miles to see. (See natural colour illustration on page 37) . . . . . **6d**

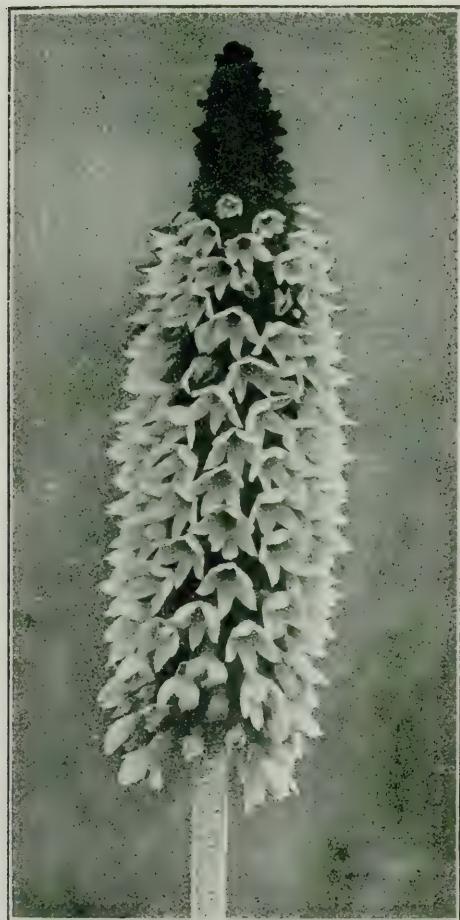
**capitata**, "CAPITATE PRIMROSE,"  $\frac{3}{4}$ , a very fine species from the Himalayan Mountains, with numerous dense round heads of violet-coloured flowers in silvery white calyces on white mealy stems. This species, like all the "Himalayan *Primroses*," delights in moisture if it is not stagnant, and is nowhere so fine as in those positions where the roots can easily obtain a generous supply of water without being actually in it. It is a good practice to "Plant Himalayan species of *Primula* with their feet in water." This species also makes a fine pot plant, but wherever used, it should be planted in masses; only then can the full beauty of the violet flowers and white mealy stems over the bright green foliage be fully appreciated. . . . . **6d**



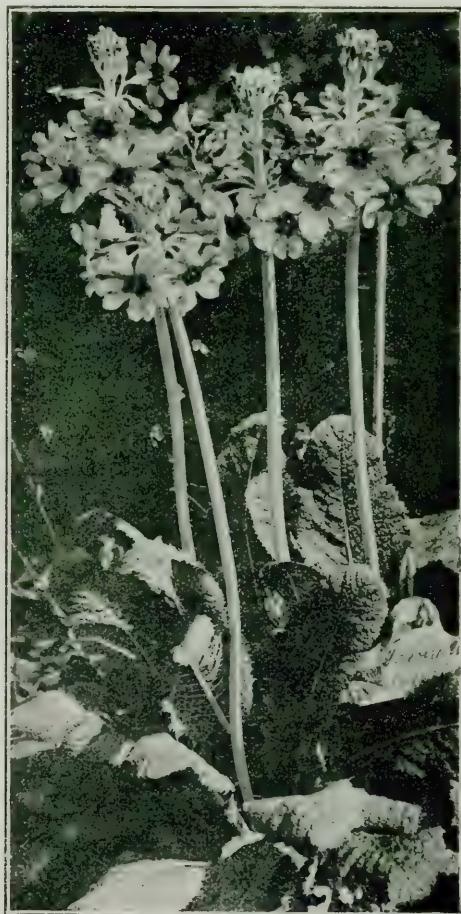
### Toothed Primrose (lilac)



**Forrest's Primrose** (golden)



Litton's Primrose.



Dusty Miller Primrose.

**Primula**—Continued.

**Cockburniana**, "COCKBURN'S PRIMROSE." Quite unique among Primulas for its glorious orange-scarlet flowers. No lover of Alpine flowers should ever be without it. (See natural colour illustration on page 25) ..... 6d.

**UNIQUE**, "UNIQUE PRIMROSE." This glorious plant is a hybrid between *P. Cockburniana* and *P. pulverulenta*. It has the perennial character and vigorous strength of the latter, but the striking cinnabar-red flowers, which are borne in sheaves on the tall, graceful spikes show unmistakably the Cockburniana blood. No finer plant has ever been sent out. (See natural colour illustration on page 37) ..... 2/6

**denticulata**, "TOOTHED PRIMROSE,"  $\frac{3}{4}$ -1, a splendid vigorous Himalayan species similar to *P. capitata*, but of larger growth, and with round heads of bright lilac-coloured flowers. A fine subject for pot culture, but is never so effective as when planted in good soil under conditions recommended for *P. capitata* ..... 6d.

" **alba**, an exquisitely beautiful white form, worthy of greenhouse culture ..... 6d.

**Forrestii**, "FORREST'S PRIMROSE." Another very remarkable plant. It is quite correctly termed perennial, for on its native mountains it lives for 50 or perhaps 100 years. The flowers, which are large for the genus, are carried in a drooping head, and are of a glorious golden yellow, sometimes passing into rich orange. The flowers have the delicious fragrance of ripe fruit, and this peculiarity is not confined to them, but is also given off by the charming wrinkled foliage. (See natural colour illustration on page 37) ..... 6d.

**farinosa**, "LEAFY PRIMROSE,"  $\frac{1}{2}$ , a choice and beautiful species resembling *P. farinosa*, but larger in leaf and flower; handsome rosettes of white mealy foliage and rich rosy purple flowers. 6d.

**japonica**, "JAPANESE PRIMROSE," 1-3. Undoubtedly this species from Japan is very showy and handsome, as well as one of the hardest and most easy to grow. As recommended for *P. capitata*, this species and its coloured varieties grow most luxuriantly "with their feet in water." Magnificent plants may be grown, however, in the ordinary border in rich retentive soil, while all essentials may be supplied to plants in pots by standing in a saucer of water; flowers rich crimson-purple in numerous whorls on strong erect spikes ..... 6d.



### Japanese Primrose.



### Siebold's Primrose.

**Primula**—Continued

**Juliaæ**, "JULIA'S PRIMROSE," a very charming little Primrose in early spring, which grows with wonderful freedom. It has bright rosy crimson flowers, which are produced in great profusion, nestling amongst the beautiful shining emerald green foliage. Quite first-class. .... **3d.**

**Littontiana** (P. Vialii), "LITTON'S PRIMROSE." In some respects this is the most notable of the Primulas. The flower spike under cultivation will rise more than 2ft. in height, but, unlike other Primulas, it does not wait till the flowers expand to attract attention, for the calyces, the envelopes in which the coming flowers are contained, are bright red. Mr. Forrest tells us that the effect of a great mass of these glowing red spikes in the alpine pasture in which he first saw them was simply indescribable, and they have been wonderful enough in our own nursery. Presently the flowers themselves begin to open. They vary from a tender lilac to a very rich dark purple. Perhaps the finest effect of all is got when the flowers are fully expanded on the lower part of the spike, and are sharply contrasted with the glowing red above. .... **2/6**

**pseudo-capitata**. Very similar to *capitata* in appearance, but distinguished from it by being a better perennial and a more robust grower. The most notable feature about this plant is that in plants of the same age the proportion of flowers is five times greater than that of *capitata*. .... **9d.**

**pulverulenta**, "DUSTY PRIMROSE." A fine sturdy Primula, with brilliant wine-purple flowers, borne in towering heads. The flower stems and calyces are thickly coated with a white farina. **6d.**

**rosea grandiflora**, "ROSY PRIMROSE,"  $\frac{1}{2}$  ft., like other Himalayan "Primroses," this fine species likes a moist position. It is one of the best and most brilliant of dwarf bog plants, when planted in masses. The flowers are produced with the greatest profusion during spring and summer in heads of about a dozen on stout upright stems, and are of a bright clear rosy carmine colour; a unique shade in "Primroses". .... **6d.**

**saxatilis**, exceptionally free flowering, resembling *P. malacoides* in some respects, but is a first-rate outdoor plant. (See natural colour illustration on page 27) .... **6d.**

**secundiflora** (side-flowering), A.M., R.H.S., 1914. It is a vigorous growing species with much the same habit as *P. sikkimensis*, but the colour of the flowers is quite unlike that of any other *Primula* we have seen. Rich, wine-red purple, such a colour as would be well set off in contrast with brilliant orange. The flowers are scented, quite large in size, and are produced with wonderful freedom. It appears to be a lover of damp places, but ample drainage is essential, and we consequently recommend that the plants be grown on a raised mound which would permit of the roots descending into a moist sub-stratum beneath. (See natural colour illustration on page 37) .... **9d.**

**Sieboldi**, "SIEBOLD'S PRIMROSE." These Eastern Fairies have been immensely improved in recent years, and now run through all imaginable shades in the delicate colours. There is nothing "loud" about them. Delicate pink, cool lavender, and white are directions in which their taste runs, and in no case is it anything but beautiful. The plants are perfectly hardy, and do best in a cool half-shady position. .... **All 6d. each.**

" **Amalie**, lovely bright rose.

" **dentella**, delicate pink, rich rose.

" **Kizziana**, fine pure white.

" **Primula Polly**, large bright red.

" **rosea alba**, dark pink.

" **rubra**, dark rose, rich

**One of each, 6 sorts, for 2/6.**

All 6d. each.  
\*Primula **Polly**, large bright red.  
\* " " **rosea alba**, dark pink.  
\* " " **rubra**, dark rose, rich



Double Primrose, very daintily coloured and delicately scented.

## Primula—Continued

*	<i>sikkimensis</i> , "HIMALAYAN COWSLIP," 1½-2, undoubtedly one of the most beautiful of all "Primroses"; pale yellow flowers, with a peculiar but agreeable perfume, drooping in clusters of from 20-60, on tall graceful stems, rising from handsome tufts of leaves. This fine moisture-loving species comes from the Himalayas, where, at an altitude of 12,17,000ft., acres of ground are covered for many weeks with the lovely nodding heads of fragrant flowers	6d.
*	<i>vulgaris alba plena</i> , "DOUBLE WHITE PRIMROSE"	6d.
*	" <i>lilacina plena</i> , old double blac, ladies' favourite	9d.
*	" <i>Miss Massey</i> , single rich crimson, very showy	6d.
*	" <i>sanguina plena</i> , fine double red, brilliant	9d.
*	" <i> sulphurea plena</i> , double yellow, like a Marechal Niel rose	9d.
<b>Prunella</b>	<b><i>incisa coccinea</i></b> , "SCARLET SELF HEAL," a very useful plant, as it blooms in July, it bears masses of bright red flowers about 6in. high; flowers of this colour are scarce in the rock garden at this time of year	6d.
* <b>Pulmonaria</b>	<b><i>avervenense</i></b> , "MEADOW LUNGWORT," ½; this fine plant, with numerous spikes of deep blue flowers, and compact tufts of narrow deep green leaves, deserves a place on the rockery, and is one of the finest dwarf spring flowering border plants	6d.

## Double-flowered Pyrethrums.

(See natural colour illustration on page 32.)

<b>Pyrethrum, double-flowered, Alfred</b>	deep crimson, very double, and of fine form...	6d.
" <i>Aphrodite</i>	large pure white, one of the best	6d.
" <i>Lady Derby</i>	very fine flesh pink, large flowers	6d.
" <i>Lord Rosebery</i>	probably the finest double red pyrethrum in commerce	9d.
" <i>Queen Mary</i> , A.M., R.H.S.,	very large double satin pink, larger than any other variety, and very free blooming	6d.
" <i>Yvonne Gayeux</i> , (New), very large flowers of extra fine form, pure white with yellow centres, of great substance, quite distinct	6d.	

## Sing'e-flowered Pyrethrums.

(See natural colour illustration on page 32.)

" <i>Esmeralda</i>	beautiful bright cherry crimson, with white ring, very strong grower, large flowers	6d.
" <i>Firefly</i>	splendid crimson, one of the best	6d.
" <i>General French</i>	dark blood red, much darker than James Kelway, a fine flower	6d.
" <i>Gloire de Nancy</i>	dark pink, medium height...	6d.
" <i>James Kelway</i>	rich blood crimson, one of the brightest	6d.
" <i>Mrs. Bateman Brown</i>	dark red, very large flowers	6d.
" <i>Perfection</i>	good strong growing kind; large deep rose-pink flowers	6d.
" <i>Pink Pearl</i>	a handsome variety; the flowers are a beautiful pearly pink	6d.
" <i>Princess Marie</i> , pure white...	6d.	
" <i>Rev. W. Giffes</i>	There is no doubt this is the finest pure pink Pyrethrum in commerce. The flowers are very large and are borne on stout stems; fine for cutting, extra quality	9d.



**Rosette Mullein** (Ramondia), a very charming rock plant.

**Ramondia pyrenaica**, "ROSETTE MULLEIN," 4, flowers violet-purple with bright orange centres, leaves deep green with long rusty hairs, one of the finest of alpine plants, likes shade ..... 9d.

**Ranunculus acris f. pl.**, "YELLOW BACHELOR'S BUTTONS," 2, with bright golden yellow perfectly double flowers on slender stems; fine for cutting, border decoration, or for naturalising; produced in spring and early summer, and again in autumn ..... 4d.

**Rodgersia pinnata**, a truly splendid plant, huge pinnate leaves, deeply furrowed, and of leathery substance, flower spikes 4ft. high, carrying whorls of Saxifrage-like flowers of a shining rosy white ..... 1/-

**Romneya Coulteri**, "CALIFORNIAN TREE POPPY," 3-6, one of the finest of known flowers, huge blooms as large as those of a single Peony, of the purest glistening translucent white, set off by a prominent "boss" of golden yellow stamens, highly fragrant; leaves of a most attractive glaucous green; keeps on blooming from June till frost; quite hardy. Strong plants in pots ..... 1/-

**TRICHOCALYX**, "HAIRY TREE POPPY," a really first-class novelty. The botanical distinction between this plant and the well-known Romneya Coulteri is that the latter has a smooth and the former a hairy calyx. If this were the real difference we should not care to grow both, but from the gardening point of view there are the much more important differences that Romneya trichocalyx has leaves of a far more glaucous tint, not far from the exquisite colour of the Sea Holly, is dwarfer, and the flowers, which are about the same size and colour of Romneya Coulteri, are borne ten times as freely. In our nurseries it was a perfect mass of bloom when not a flower was to be seen on Romneya Coulteri, which was growing beside it ..... 1/-

**Roscoea alpina**. Grows nine inches high; rich violet purple flowers, produced several in a head, very effective. (See natural colour illustration on page 31) ..... each 6d.

**capitata purpurata**, 1. In many ways this is the most striking of all Roscoeas, including the peerless Cautlioides, which it resembles in all except colour. If we describe it as a rare and striking shade of plum purple-shaded reddish violet, we shall be technically correct, but terribly weak in expression. It is a superb colour, which seems to live like the glowing tints in rare jewels ..... 1/-

**cautlioides**. This is a new Chinese plant of absolutely faultless beauty. The colour is a pale yellow, very soft and delicate, fuller in tone than "primrose," infinitely more refined than "canary"; in short, quite as charming a tint as we ever expect to see. In texture, the petals are worthy of comparison with the Poppy. The leaves remind one of an Iris, springing from the base of the 12-inch stems, which carry as many as 6 or 7 blooms and buds. The roots are fleshy, almost tuberous, and should be planted 4 or 5 inches below the surface in sandy loam. In such circumstances the plant comes safely through ordinary winters. (See natural colour illustration on page 39) ..... Price for flowering size plants 9d.

**AUGUST BEAUTY**. (See natural colour illustration on page 31). This form came from China under the name of Cautlioides, but we find it flowers two months later, and appears to be even more vigorous. In other respects it is like the type ..... 1/-

**Rudbeckia laciniata**, f. pl., "GOLDEN GLOW," large handsome double yellow flowers, fine for cutting, of free branching habit. (See natural colour illustration on page 28) ..... 4d.

**maxima**, "GIANT CONE FLOWER," 7-9, strikingly distinct; leaves of a bright glaucous hue, quite undivided and of large size, flower heads with long black-brown cones and pure golden-yellow florets, one of the finest of flowers; attracts attention everywhere ..... 4d.

**nitida**, "AUTUMN GLORY," resembling R. laciniata, but has a double quantity of rather smaller flowers on stems of nice length for cutting; the leaves are less divided, and the golden yellow ray florets are broader ..... 4d.

**SPECIOSA** (Newmanni) "NEWMANN'S CONE FLOWER," 1½, a well-known free-flowering perennial, indispensable for border decoration and cut flowers; the orange yellow florets contrast finely with the black-purple discs. (See natural colour illustration on page 28) ..... 6d.



Californian Tree Poppy (Romneya), Hardy.

**Salvia nemorosa**, "WOOD SAGE," very attractive and distinct, producing masses of bright blue flowers, which are extremely effective. .... 9d.  
**\*Santolina chamaecyparissus**, "LAVENDER COTTON," 2, beautifully cut silvery foliage, and immense numbers of flowers which look like large golden buttons. .... 4d.  
**\*Saponaria ocymoides**, "BASIL SOAPWORT," the colour of the flowers is a bright rose; one of the most showy of rock plants. (See natural colour illustration on page 25) .... 4d.  
\* " **splendidissima**, a great improvement, the flowers are a bright, deep crimson rose. .... 9d.  
**\*Saxifraga Aizoon and Varieties.**—This section is readily one of the most hardy, useful, and handsome of the "Rockfoils," while the prices of the different varieties are ridiculously low. All have beautifully silver-encrusted leafage, and will grow well almost anywhere on border or rockery. (See natural colour illustration on page 25). **Height, 6-15in.** .....  
The following are the best and most distinct varieties. **Price, 6d. each:**

**rosea**, rose.  
**balcanica**, spotted red.  
**bulgarica**, rose spotted.

**Californica**, white.  
**la gaveana**, white and pink.  
**lutea**, beautiful yellow.

**\*Saxifraga Alberti**, handsome rosettes of long encrusted foliage, similar to *S. longifolia*, and fine pyramidal spikes of white flowers heavily spotted red; a good grower. (See natural colour illustration on page 24)

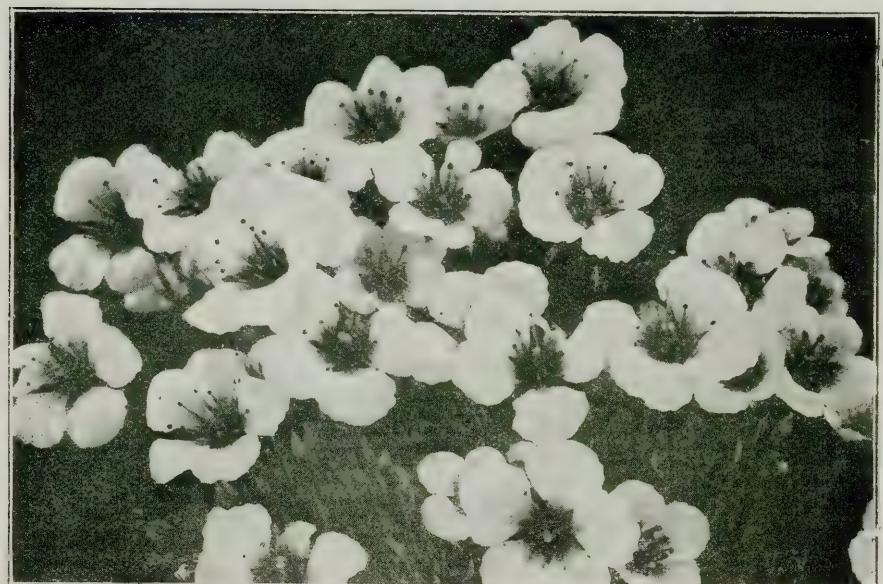
6d.



**Aizoon Rockfoils.** Very hardy and pretty. (See page 53).

**Saxifraga—Continued.**

- **apiculata**, "LITTLE BEE ROCKFOIL,"  $\frac{1}{2}$ , a charming hybrid, one of the first to flower; the whole spike, flowers, bracts, and stem, is a lovely shade of primrose yellow. It is often a mass of bloom in February and March... 6d.
- " **alba**, first-class, pure white flowers in abundance... 6d.
- **BURSERIANA, "GLORIA."** This, up to date, is the finest of all the splendid forms of this magnificent early-flowering Saxifraga. It is a more thrifty grower than the typical species, while the flowers are of immense size... Strong plants 9d.
- " **grandiflora**, with large white flowers, nearly double the size of the ordinary form, produced very freely from dense rosettes of foliage... 6d.
- " **cæsia major**, "LARGER GREY ROCKFOIL,"  $\frac{1}{2}$ , a most charming species, with densely crowded rosettes of small grey leaves, and delicate panicles of milk-white flowers... 9d.
- " **Cochlearis**, "SPOON-LEAVED ROCKFOIL,"  $\frac{1}{2}$ , numerous white flowers in masses, gracefully weighing down the slender, much-branched purple-brown stems, leaves small, glaucous, in tufted rosettes; one of the most charming species... 6d



**Burser's Rockfoil, Sax. Burseriana "Gloria,"** purest snowy white

## Saxifrage—continued

**\*Cotyledon pyramidalis**, "PENNY-WORT

ROCKFOIL," 1-3, perhaps the best-known species next to the "London Pride," and deservedly a great favourite. In the rockery masses of it are scarcely surpassed in beauty by the "Queen of Saxifrages," *S. longifolia*; at the same time, it is of easy cultivation in the ordinary border, while in 6in. pots magnificent plants may be had for conservatory decoration, 3ft. or even 4ft. from the ground to the tip of the long pyramidal spike of large pure white or crimson spotted flowers. When out of flower, the large rosettes of silvery-margined mental. (See natural colour illustration on page 24) ... 6d.

**Dr. Ramsay**, a splendid hybrid between *lantosca* and *macnabiana*, long erect sprays of snowy white flowers, heavily spotted crimson 9d.

**Elizabetha**, "ELIZABETH'S ROCK-FOIL,"  $\frac{1}{2}$ , a beautiful hybrid, flowers soft sulphur yellow, lovely ... 6d.

**\*Fortunei**, "FORTUNE'S ROCKFOIL,"

1, like a giant-flowered London Pride, far and away the handsomest of the green-leaved section, flowers in September, excellent in pots. (This species is quite hardy in Cheshire and N. Wales) ... 6d.

**\*Haagii**, bright golden yellow flowers in clusters springing from a neat mound of deep green foliage ... 1/-

**\* lantosca**, "LANTOSCA'S ROCK-FOIL," dense rosettes of silvery recurving leaves and drooping panicles of creamy white flowers; a splendid rock plant. (See natural colour illustration of page 26) ... 9d.

**longifolia**, "QUEEN" OF SAXIFRAGES," 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ , justly named; indeed, it would be difficult to imagine anything more enchantingly beautiful than a well-flowered plant of this species. Not only when in flower is the plant attractive; the handsome rosette of silvery leaves, often 6 to 9in. in diameter, is a striking object all the year round. The flowers are pure white, and are produced in a dense pyramidal unbranched spike 2ft. in length ... 9d. and 1/-

**muscoidea densa**, "MUSK ROCK-FOIL," foliage so tightly packed as to give the effect of turf; excellent for crevices between steps, flagstones, etc., and for carpet bedding and edging, ... 9d.

**SANGUINEA SUPERBA**, "BLOOD-RED ROCKFOIL." The finest of all new blood red or scarlet Saxifrages, raised by our valued client, Mrs. Lloyd Edwards, who is well known as a most enthusiastic hardy plant lover. Mrs. Edwards has probably paid more attention to the raising of red Rockfoils than any other individual, and has raised practically all the best reds in commerce. Consequently, her opinion, that this is the finest of them all, must carry weight, especially when supported by that of other specialists.

The colour is a rich ruby-scarlet, which last well, and fades very slowly. The habit is neat and compact, and the growth is rapid but sturdy. (See natural colour illustration on page 24)

6d.

**Bathoniensis**, "BATH ROCKFOIL." Will grow to a height of 10 or 14in. Each stem is much branched, and carries quite a load of brilliant red flowers of large size ... 8d.

" " "Pink Beauty,"  $\frac{1}{2}$ , compact habit, good pink colour, ... 8d.

**oppositifolia major**, with prostrate creeping stems, which root into the soil, and quickly form a dense network of brown stems clothed with tiny rosettes of deep green leaves, this "Purple Saxifrage" is, beyond adequate description, one of the most delightful of the many choice inhabitants of snowy regions. Found on some of the highest mountains in Britain, this little gem clothes itself in spring with numerous flowers of the richest crimson red, many of the flowers several times exceeding the rosettes of leaves in diameter ... 6d.



Penny-wort Rockfoil.

BEES LTD. will supply any item in this Catalogue at the following reduced rates for 3, 6, 12 or more plants, of ONE sort, if ordered together, e.g.

## THREE PLANTS, OF THE SAME NAME, FOR THE PRICE OF TWO.

Those priced 3d. each will be 3 for 6d. ... 6 for 1/- ... 12 for 2/-  
6d. each will be 3 for 1/- ... 6 for 2/- ... 12 for 4/-

Those quoted at higher or intermediate prices pro rata.



**Lantosca's Rockfoil**, exquisitely beautiful wreath-like sprays and silvery leaves.

**Saxifrage**—continued.

- \* .. " **Primrose Bee.**" A few years ago we made several crosses between the more dainty Saxifrages; one result was that fine variety "L. G. Godself," which is now in general cultivation. The variety which we have named "Primrose Bee" appeared amongst other plants, and seems to "favour" *S. marginata*. However, both the Kew and Edinburgh authorities declared it to be distinct from any described species or variety. We have therefore come to the conclusion that we must have unwittingly done more than we anticipated and raised a new plant which, we are glad to say, is of quite remarkable beauty. It may for all practical purposes be described as a soft primrose-coloured form of *marginata*. Habit neat and tufted; flower stems scarcely exceeding 3in. .... 6d.
- \* .. **scardica**, "MACEDONIAN ROCKFOIL,"  $\frac{3}{4}$ , with dense cushion-like tufts of foliage similar to *S. burseriana*, but less glaucous and ivory white flowers 3 to 4 in each head, on short slender stems; a rare and beautiful species ..... 6d.
- \* .. **Stribnyi**, "STRIBNYR'S ROCKFOIL," rare and beautiful, very much resembling *Grisebachii*; fine encrusted rosettes and heads of purple flowers and bracts which remain on the plant a long time 2/-
- \* .. **Wallacei**, "WALLACE'S ROCKFOIL,"  $\frac{1}{2}$ , one of the finest of its section, with white flowers of large size, freely produced, which exhale a delicious scent resembling that of the "Hawthorn"; very pretty foliage of rather pale green colour ..... 6d.

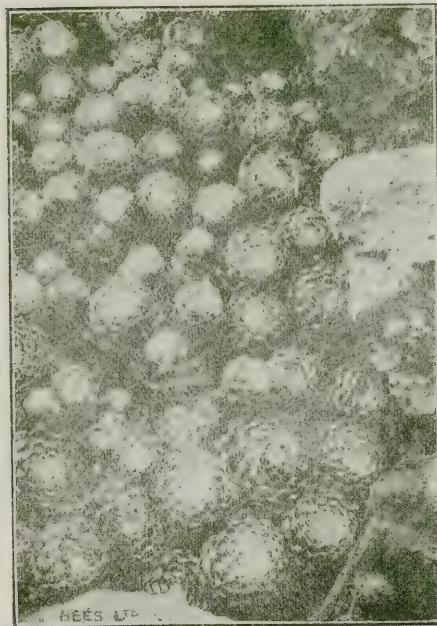
**Collection of 12 distinct Saxifrages for 5/- Our Selection.**



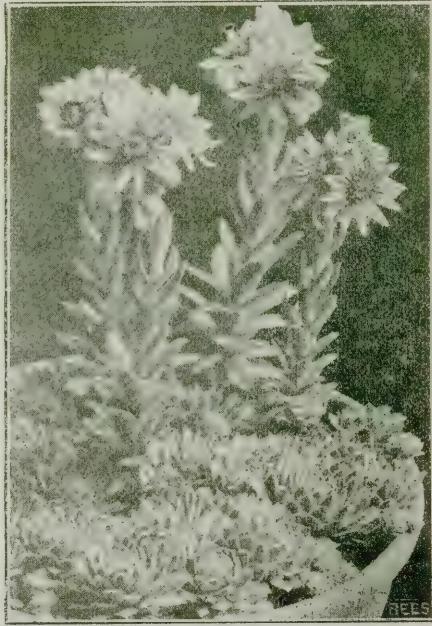
**Purple Rockfoil** (*Sax. oppositifolia major*).



**Primrose Bee Rockfoil.**



Cobweb House Leek.



Pyrenean House Leek.

<b>SCABIOSA CAUCASIA</b> , "CAUCASIAN SCABIOUS,"	2, of ideal bushy habit, with masses of flowers produced with long stems in the best possible manner for cutting purposes of an exquisite shade of pale mauve or lilac; this fine "Caucasian Scabious" blooms from early summer to late autumn. (See natural colour illustrations on pages 23 and 27) ...	6d.
<b>Sedum acre</b> , "BITTER STONECROP," smothered in summer with bright yellow star-like flowers; will grow anywhere. (See natural colour illustration on page 21) ...	4d.	
<b>" brevifolium Potts</b> , "POTTS' STONECROP," The best form of <i>Sedum brevifolium</i> ; tiny round leaves, covered with white meal, looking like little heaps of pearl barley ...	6d.	
<b>" Ewersii</b> , "EWER'S STONECROP," $\frac{1}{2}$ , a very ornamental plant with handsome roundish glaucous leaves and clusters of purplish flowers. Quite a diminutive species; it is particularly pleasing on account of the silvery-white appearance of the leaves and semi-trailing stems ...	4d.	
<b>" glaucum</b> , "GLAUCOUS STONECROP," of dense spreading habit, forming perfect carpets of glaucous blue-green foliage and pale-pink flowers ...	4d.	
<b>" lydium</b> , "LYDIAN STONECROP," $\frac{1}{2}$ , a charming little evergreen species, forms dense tufts of deep green foliage tinged with a ruddy bronze shade; flowers pinkish. (See natural colour illustration on page 26) ...	4d.	
<b>" obtusatum</b> , "BLUNT-LEAVED STONECROP," $\frac{1}{2}$ , a rare and charming plant from California. The evergreen leaves are of the brightest emerald colour in spring and early summer, and contrast finely with the crimson-red stems. Later, in autumn, the leaves become suffused with crimson-brown, a pretty shade of colour which is retained throughout the winter; flowers yellow ...	4d.	
<b>" spathulifolium</b> , "SPATULA STONECROP," $\frac{1}{2}$ , certainly one of the best of dwarf "Stonecrops"; the effect when in flower is particularly pleasing. Glaucous leaves in pretty rosettes mingling with pinkish stems bearing citron-yellow flowers. (See natural colour illustration on page 25) ...	6d.	
<b>" spectabile</b> , "SHOWY STONECROP," $\frac{1}{2}$ , a fine erect-growing species from Japan. In autumn there is nothing so attractive among <i>Sedums</i> as this species. On stems clothed with large pale green glaucous foliage are produced large rounded heads of densely-packed, rosy pink flowers, which remain in good condition for several weeks. (See natural colour illustration on page 29) ...	4d.	
<b>Sempervivum arachnoideum</b> , "COBWEB HOUSE LEEK," $\frac{1}{2}$ , rosettes of leaves threaded from tip to tip with white hairs, outer ones reddish brown. The flowers are bright red in colour, 4 or 7, together on a leafy stem; well-grown clumps have a beautiful appearance. (See natural colour illustration on page 26) ...	6d.	
<b>" calcareum</b> , "CHALK HOUSE LEEK," quite distinct, large green rosettes, tipped brown, reminds one of the "Echeveria" ...	6d.	
<b>" pyrenaeicum</b> , "PYRENEAN HOUSE LEEK," by its handsomely formed and dark red rosettes this is without doubt one of the most beautiful House Leeks ...	4d.	
<b>" triste</b> , "SAD HOUSE LEEK," 1, a really handsome plant, having bright red flowers on stems thickly clothed with bright red-brown leaves, and rosettes of the same colour, 3in. across ...	4d.	
<b>Sidalcea Listeri</b> , "LISTER'S MALLOW," 3, flowers prettily fringed pale rose pink in colour, a fine border plant ...	6d.	
<b>" malvaeflora</b> , "TEXAN MALLOW," 3, a very showy plant of excellent habit, flowers rose purple in numerous terminal spikes. (See natural colour illustration on page 26) ...	4d.	



## Red Sea Sea Lavender.

**\*Silene laciniata Purpurea**, "FRINGED CATCHFLY." Printer's ink is but a poor substitute for Nature's colouring, but the illustration on page 40 will help you to appreciate the unusual vivid and brilliant colour of this choice plant. It is a dazzling cardinal scarlet. No tinge of blue or purple dulls the fire-like intensity. The plant is a good grower, and loves a dry sunny spot on the rockery ... **9d.**

\* " **Schafta**, "SCHAFTA'S CATCHFLY," 4. When freely planted this little gem forms sheets of bright rose-pink flowers from June or July to September or October, a time when dwarf plants of this colour are particularly scarce. ... **6d.**

**Solidago Shortii**, "SHORT'S GOLDEN ROD," 5, quite unlike any other "Golden Rod," its distinctive feature is its habit of producing its wealth of flowers in delightful Spiræa-like side sprays, producing an effect of golden rains, one of the most ornamental of garden plants. (See natural colour illustration on page 29) ... **6d.**

\* " **Virgaurea nana**, "DWARF GOLDEN ROD," a rockwork plant of great value; it is always of tiny stature, and in August, when most other rock plants have passed, this little beauty absolutely smothers itself with amazing masses of rich golden-yellow flowers ... **6d.**

**Spiræa Aruncus**, "GOAT'S BEARD," 46, with its dense, long, drooping sprays of numerous small, pale, creamy white flowers; one of the finest of the rock plants, and makes a good ground-cover in the water side ... **6d.**

\* " **digitata nana**, "DWARF ROSY MEADOW SWEET." We have nothing to add to the illustration, except to say that the height of the plant is about 3". ... **1.6**

\* " **lobata**, "QUEEN OF THE PRAIRIE," 4. this fine N. American species is one of our best border plants. It has slender, slender stems, bearing numerous small, rose-pink flowers ... **6d.**

\* " **palmata**, "CRIMSON MEADOW SWEET," 3, this species and its fine varieties ... **6d.**

\* " **elegans**, flowers rose coloured, a particularly delicate "shell" shape ... **3d.**

**Ulmaria, fl. pl.**, "DOUBLE MEADOW SWEET," with double white flowers ... **4d.**

**Queen Alexandra**, *Boehmeria*, a very tall, slender, branching plant, 2 to 3 ft. high, very freely produced; a fine plant for long, ... **6d.**

**Stachys grandiflora superba**, "LARGE-FLOWERED WOUNDWORT," flowers of a deep and rich shade of purple violet... **4d.**



Giant Meadow Rue.



Gentian Hairbell. (See page 60).

**Statice incana**, "RED SEA SEA LAVENDER," 2, with flowers variously coloured pink, white, or red and evergreen foliage of a glaucous hue. (See natural colour illustration on page 27) ... 6d.

... **latifolia**, "BROAD-LEAVED SEA LAVENDER," 2-3, one of the best border species, forms dense cloudy masses of small deep lavender-coloured flowers a yard high and often more in diameter, while the handsome evergreen leaves are bright all through the winter ... 6d.

**Thalictrum aquilegifolium**, "COLUMBINE RUE," 4, a remarkably handsome species with "Columbine-like" foliage, and heads of feathery tassel-like flowers; sepals white, stamens purplish. (See natural colour illustration on page 25) ... 6d.

\* ... **DIPTEROCARPUM**, "GIANT MEADOW RUE." The purple-flowered Meadow Rue is well known as one of the gems of the alpine flora. The plant we here offer does for the border what *T. Delavayi* does for the rockery. It is a giant Meadow Rue, reaching in good soil a height of 5ft., and bearing an immense branching panicle of charming dark violet flowers 6d.

\* ... **minus**, "SMALLER MEADOW RUE," 14. This species and its varieties are highly esteemed for their pretty foliage, which when cut and used in house decoration and for button-holes is found to equal "Maidenhair Fern" in elegance and lightness, and to last three or four times as long. As border plants, and when used as "edgings," these dwarf "Meadow Rues" are pretty and graceful; flowers yellowish in light airy panicles... 6d.

\* **Thymus erectus**, "UPRIGHT THYME," 1, a pretty dwarf shrub for the rockery, with erect twiggy stems clothed like an "Irish Yew" with deep evergreen leaves, and brightened with clusters of rosy flowers in summer ... 6d.

\* ... **Serpyllum**, "WILD THYME, BROTHER-WORT," 1, a delightful native creeping plant with sweetly-scented foliage, which is hidden in summer by a sheet of rose-purple flowers ... 6d.

\* ... **occineum**, "CRIMSON THYME," with dark green foliage and rich crimson flowers; makes a patch of brilliant colour for many weeks in any sunny position. (See natural colour illustration on page 26) ... 6d.

\* ... **lanuginosus**, "WOOLLY THYME," very pretty indeed; the growths and leaves are clothed with soft grey woolly hairs; flowers lilac ... 4d.

\* **Tiarella cordifolia**, "FOAM FLOWER," 1, when well grown, the numerous spikes of feathery white flowers with chocolate anthers are very pleasing and graceful; after flowering, the plant sends out short stolons, which take root, and a healthy colony is soon formed. (See natural colour illustration on page 24) ... 4d.

\* **Trillium grandiflorum**, "WAKE ROBIN," "TRINITY FLOWER," 1-2, three-petaled flowers of more than twice the size, 3in. to 4in. across, and rich green leaves; when fading, the petals are suffused with rose pink ... 6d.

**Trollius europaeus**, "MOUNTAIN GLOBE FLOWER," 1-2, with pale yellow flowers; a very handsome and showy plant ... 6d.

hybridus, "Excelsior," ... 2½, a new form with deep orange flowers ... 9d.

... "Fire Globe," flowers very large, semi-double, of a most intense fiery orange colour... 9d.

... "Lemon Queen," 3, medium-sized lemon-yellow flowers ... 9d.

... "Orange Globe," 2, very fine well-formed flowers of a rich orange-yellow colour ... 9d.

\* **patulus**. A very fine new Chinese species, growing fifteen inches high. The large flat golden-yellow blooms four inches across are carried boldly upright on stout stems well above the foliage, of good substance, and abundantly produced in July ... 9d.

\* **BEES' VAR.**, "SPREADING GLOBE FLOWER." Received an Award of Merit at the R.H.S., in June, 1913. Smaller in every way than the preceding, grows only nine inches high, but flowering, if possible, more abundantly, and about three weeks earlier. (See natural colour illustration on page 30) ... 9d.



Thyme-leaved Harebell. Colour violet-blue; magnificent.

**Verbascum Caledonia**, "CALEDONIA MULLEIN." This beautiful new "Mullein" is a grand acquisition to the herbaceous border. The very large flowers are a sulphur yellow colour, shaded buff, and are borne with the greatest freedom on stout branching stems. If the old flower stems are removed it will keep up a succession of bloom nearly all the summer. (See natural colour illustration on page 38) 6d.

" **New Departure.**" This plant attains a height of 5ft., developing a spike 3 $\frac{1}{2}$  ft. long and 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  ft. of fresh open flowers at one time, remaining in good condition for 8 or 10 weeks. The flowers are 2 $\frac{1}{2}$  in. in diameter. Colour, bronze yellow or buff, a true perennial. (See natural colour illustration on page 26) 9d.

" **thapsiforme**, "AARON'S ROD," 3, a perennial species with handsome evergreen foliage prettily frilled on the edge, and stout branching spikes of coppery yellow flowers; one of the showiest of flowering plants, and of a colour hardly found elsewhere 6d.

\* **Veronica gentianoides**, "GENTIAN SPEEDWELL," 1, with shining green leaves not unlike those of "Gentianella," and spikes of rather large porcelain-blue flowers; a very refined, evergreen, early-flowering dwarf border plant 4d.

" **stenophylla**, "NARROW-LEAVED SPEEDWELL," an improved form 4d.

" **Royal Blue**, 2, real deep navy blue, a splendid colour. (See natural colour illustration on page 25) 4d.

\* **Teucrium dubia (prostrata, rupestris)**, "PROSTRATE SPEEDWELL,"  $\frac{1}{2}$ , a favourite dwarf plant, known under various names; there are few perennials which give such a wealth of beautiful blue flowers for so long a period... 6d.

**Vinca minor cærulea fl. pl.**, "LESSER PERIWINKLE," very useful evergreen trailing plant, with beautiful lavender blue double flowers, which remind one of the double blue Hepatica 6d.

**Viola cornuta purpurea**, "PURPLE HORNED VIOLET," a particularly attractive shade of deep purple 4d.

\* **gracilis**, "GRÆCIAN VIOLET." This charming Græcian novelty possesses what is perhaps the deepest colour in the family. It is true violet, dark and shining. The flowers are unusually large and showy, and make a most attractive picture in a shady corner of the rockery; also does well in full sun in the open border. (See natural colour illustration on page 25)... 6d.

**VIOLA GRACILIS HYBRIDS.** A New Race of Violas, the result of crossing the magnificent *Viola gracilis* with good types of bedding violas. The new hybrids have the imitable elegance of the Græcian Violet, its wonderful capacity in colour production and gorgeous effect—each flower is held clear above the foliage on an erect stem—and the amazing prolific flowering propensity of the best *Viola*. Colour, glowing pansy purple. each 6d. in pots.

**Wahlenbergia gentianoides**, "GENTIAN HAIRBELL." This New Zealand Alpine is characterised by pale blue flowers, nodding on stems 6in. or 8in. in height, resembling very much some of the Campanulas. It is a very distinct rock plant, of recent introduction, and well worthy of a place in every rockery... 9d.

\* **serpyllifolia**, "THYME-LEAVED BELLFLOWER,"  $\frac{1}{2}$ . This is certainly the gem of the genus. From tufts of narrow deep green foliage are produced relatively large flowers resembling those of *Campanula pulla* in the intense deep violet-blue; stems slender, carrying one flower each... 1/6

**Weldenia candida**. This was one of the plants which helped us to secure the "Farrer Cup" for rare Alpines in open competition. Its beauty is of quite an extraordinary character. Without being in any way unusual in form or colour, it is yet one of the most strikingly beautiful plants which have ever been introduced into this country. The foliage is pale green, and forms a rosette, from the centre of which arise the flowers, which, when open, resemble a full-blown crocus. But whether it is the beauty of the glistening white petals or the peculiarly delicate shell-like form which gives the flower its attraction we cannot say. The fact remains, it is generally agreed to be a most lovely plant

3/6 and 5/-

\* **Zauschneria californica**, "CALIFORNIAN FUCHSIA," 1, with pretty hoary leaves, on stems which become woody at the base, and brilliant tubular flowers... 6d.

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**Bees' Mersey Mimulus**, *Mimulus alpinus* hybridus. It has been the work of many years to produce this magnificent strain of Musks. Few people know them, yet they are as easily grown as the common Rock Cress. When Mimulus are mentioned, it is usually the inelegant bedding varieties which come to mind. These are quite different. They are perfectly hardy, dwarf enough for the rockery or front of borders, and include colours which are unsurpassed by the flowers of any family of plants. 12, all different, 4/- carriage paid. See text for names.

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